

MODEL USER'S GUIDE:

NOACA REGIONAL TRAVEL DEMAND

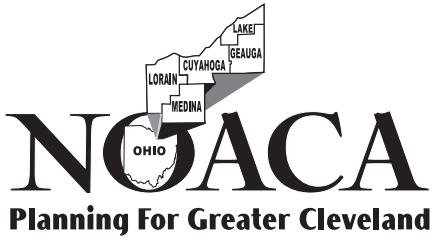
FORECASTING MODEL



Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency

1299 Superior Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44114-3204

August 2007



The Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency (NOACA) is a public Organization serving the counties of and municipalities & townships within Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain and Medina (covering an area with 2.1 million people). NOACA is the agency designated or recognized to perform the following functions:

- **Serve as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), with responsibility for comprehensive cooperative and continuous planning for highways, public transit, and bikeways, as defined in the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century.**
- **Perform continuous water quality, transportation-related air quality and other environmental planning functions.**
- **Administer the area clearinghouse function, which includes providing local government with the opportunity to review a wide variety of local or state applications for federal funds.**
- **Conduct transportation and environmental planning and related demographic, economic and land use research.**
- **Serve as an information center for transportation and environmental and related planning.**
- **At NOACA Governing Board direction, provide transportation and environmental planning assistance to the 172 units of local, general purpose government.**

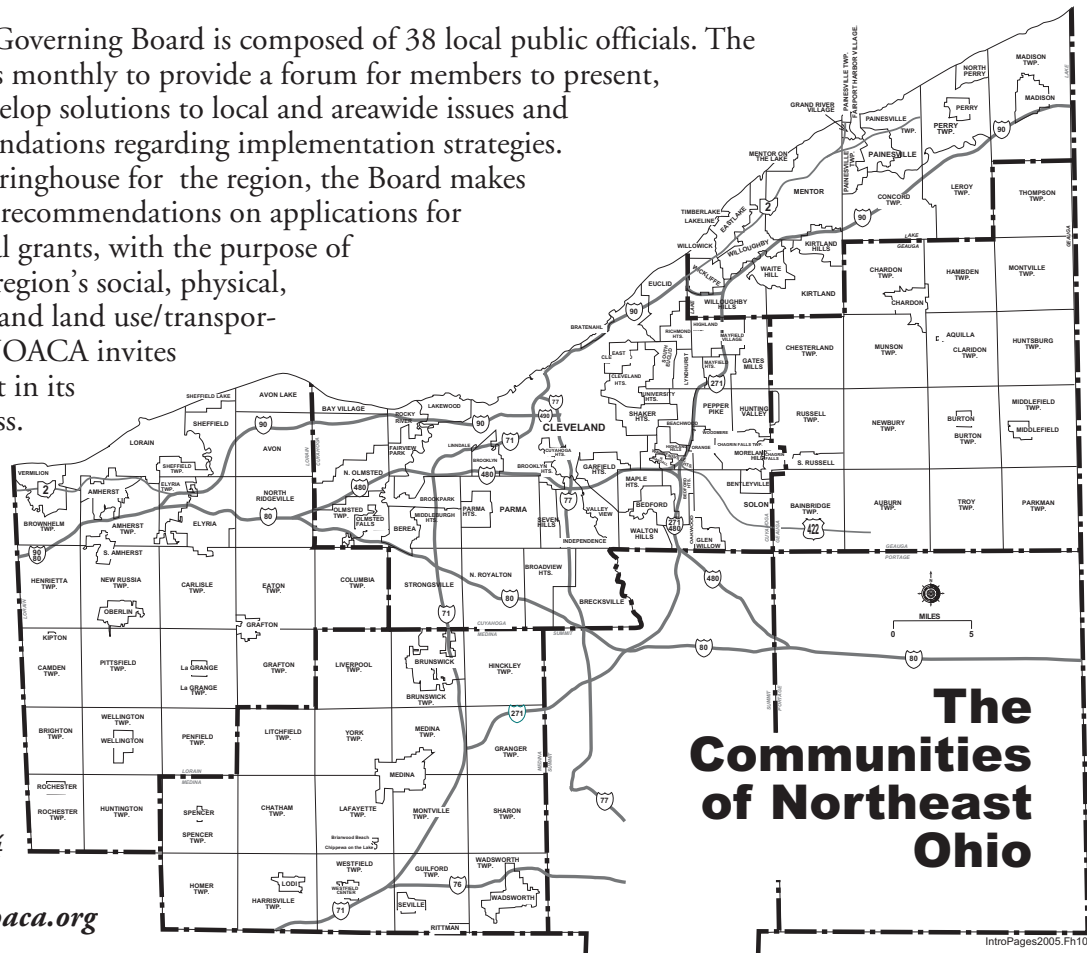
The NOACA Governing Board is composed of 38 local public officials. The Board convenes monthly to provide a forum for members to present, discuss and develop solutions to local and areawide issues and make recommendations regarding implementation strategies. As the area clearinghouse for the region, the Board makes comments and recommendations on applications for state and federal grants, with the purpose of enhancing the region's social, physical, environmental and land use/transportation fabric. NOACA invites you to take part in its planning process.

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<p>1) Title & Subtitle: Model Users' Guide: NOACA Regional Travel Demand Forecasting Model</p>	<p>2) NOACA Report No. TR-07-15</p>
<p>3) Author(s): Adiyana Sharag-Eldin Contributor(s): Joe Cole; Other reviewers: Mahmoud Al-Lozi</p>	<p>4) Report Date August 2007</p>
<p>5) Performing Organization Name & Address Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency 1299 Superior Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44114-3204 Phone: (216) 241-2414 FAX: (216) 621-3024 Web site: www.noaca.org</p>	<p>6) Project Task No.</p>
	<p>7) NOACA Contract/Grant No. ODOT/FHWA</p>
<p>8) Sponsoring Agency Name & Address Ohio Department of Transportation 1980 W. Broad St., Box 899 Columbus, OH 43216-0899</p>	<p>9) Type of Report & Period Covered</p>
	<p>10) Sponsoring Agency Code</p>
<p>11) Supplementary Notes Federal funding for this project was provided by the Federal Highway Administration and administered by the Ohio Department of Transportation.</p>	
<p>12) Abstracts NOACA's development and maintenance of the regional travel demand model and its supporting data is an ongoing process. This technical memorandum contains documentation for the update of NOACA travel demand model conversion in CUBE. The model installation, programs and filenames are listed in this document to assist the users. This documentation will replace the Regional Travel Demand Forecasting Model Users' Guide (2001) after the model validation is completed.</p>	
<p>13) Key Words & Document Analysis A. Descriptors Travel Demand Model B. Identifiers/Open Ended Terms</p>	
<p>14) Availability Statement NOACA</p>	<p>15) No. Pages 48</p>
	<p>16) Price</p>

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August 2007

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The preparation of this publication was financed through grants received from the Federal Highway Administration and the Ohio Department of Transportation and appropriations from the counties of and municipalities within Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain and Medina. The contents do not necessarily reflect official views or policies of the U.S. Department of Transportation or the Ohio Department of Transportation. This report does not constitute a standard or regulation.

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Model Design Overview

The regional travel demand forecasting models for the Cleveland area were developed by Parsons Brinckerhoff, with assistance from the Northeast Ohio Areawide Coordinating Agency (NOACA), for the Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority (GCRTA). The models are implemented in the Cube Voyager travel demand modeling software package and a series of stand-alone programs written expressly for the Cleveland area. The entire model stream is run using several macros which require no user intervention once a model run is underway. A full model run requires approximately 1.7 gigabytes of hard-drive space. The use of ‘feedback’ loops, in which assignment outputs are re-used in the estimation of trip generation, distribution, and mode choice models, requires that the models be run iteratively. The model is set to perform at most 10 feedback iterations, but will do less if it converges in less iterations. A 10-iteration full model run takes approximately 15 hours on a Pentium 1.6 GHz processor.

In addition to the travel demand model, the Cube implementation includes an interface to run ODOT’s capacity and speed calculators.

This document describes the scripts, input/output/parameter files, and stand-alone programs that implement the Cleveland regional travel demand models. First, the general structure of the models and model flow is briefly described. This is followed by a description of file management in the Cube environment and in particular for the Cleveland models. Procedures for installing the catalog, for running the base and other scenarios and for running the ODOT calculators are covered in the next two sections. The input and parameter files needed to run the model, as well as the output and report files produced during a model run are described next. Finally, the stand-alone programs written by PB to implement the auto ownership, trip generation and mode choice procedures are described. The appendix contains a detailed description of the input files. *This document is not intended as a substitute for the detailed GCRTA model development report.*

Model Flow

The Cleveland travel demand forecasting models constitute what is commonly defined as ‘best practices’ approaches to the traditional four-step modeling procedure. These models incorporate many of the most current modeling techniques in use in the United States by similarly sized metropolitan regions. Many of the features that enhance the Cleveland model system also add to their complexity, including;

- The use of ‘feedback’ loops to achieve consistency between initial travel times and costs used in lower levels of the model chain (trip generation, distribution, mode choice) and those output from higher levels of the model chain (highway assignment).
- The consideration of transit accessibility in the logit auto ownership model.
- The use of a relatively complex market segmentation scheme for work trip distribution (auto ownership and household income).
- The use of a composite measure of impedance, which considers transit accessibility, for 0 auto work trip distribution.
- A sub-classification scheme for work trip purposes (direct, strategic, complex) to capture trip chaining behavior and reflect this behavior in mode choice models.

- The use of peak and off-peak time periods for all trip purposes through mode choice, and the use of four time-period highway assignments (AM. Peak, Midday, P.M. Peak, and Night).
- Both peak and off-peak transit assignments for all trip purposes.

These features increase the computational requirements of running the models beyond more traditional travel models. Many of these features have necessitated the development of stand-alone software, written in the C or FORTRAN language, including:

- **AUTOGEN**, which implements socio-economic submodels, the logit auto ownership submodel, trip generation models (internal, internal-external, and truck), and calculates and writes skims used in trip distribution.
- **NLOGIT**, which implements nested-logit mode choice models.

Figure 1 shows the general flow of the Cleveland model chain.

Skim-Building

First, peak and off-peak speeds are calculated based on observed speeds coded on the A.M. and Midday input highway networks respectively, and a new set of A.M. and Midday highway networks are created. These networks are then used to create peak and off-peak highway time and distance skims, and intrazonal time is added. Transit skims are also created using the transit lines and transit operational characteristics. The total unweighted peak and off-peak walk-to-rail transit times (in-vehicle time, total wait time, and auxiliary transit time) are added together into one file, which is used in the calculation of transit accessibility for auto ownership and in the computation of composite impedance for trip distribution.

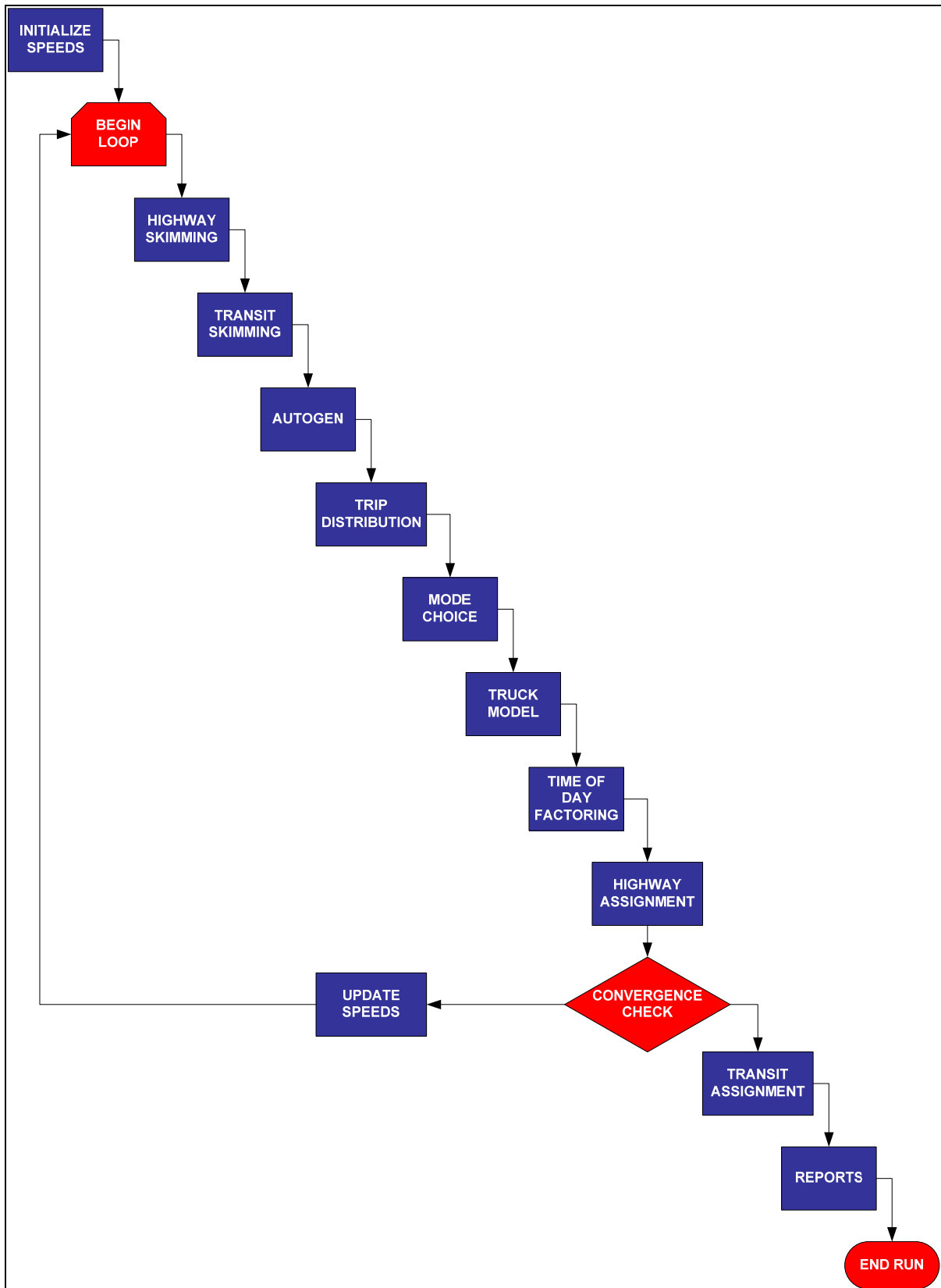
Trip Generation

Next, **AUTOGEN** is run, which reads the socio-economic input files, transit and highway skim files, internal-external percentage file, and external station percentage file. **AUTOGEN** estimates households by household income, household size, and number of workers per household. A logit auto ownership model determines number of autos per household, based on stratified households and accessibility measures. These stratifications are used to compute trip productions by purpose, time period (peak versus off-peak) and zone. To estimate trip attractions, cross-classification models are applied to employment by type. Internal trip productions and attractions are written to ASCII input files. Daily internal-external trip productions and attractions are computed and written to ASCII input files. The commercial vehicle model is implemented in **AUTOGEN**. Finally, **AUTOGEN** computes composite impedance for 0 auto work trips and writes a Cube Voyager formatted skim file to be used in trip distribution.

Trip Distribution

Gravity models are then implemented for all internal trip purposes and for both peak and off-peak periods. Commercial vehicles and internal-external trips are also distributed to create 24-hour trip tables. These gravity models are implemented in Voyager. All input files are created in **AUTOGEN**, including friction factors and impedance skims (terminal times are also added in this step). District level summaries and trip length frequency distributions are also created for comparison and validation purposes. Trip tables output from trip distribution are then collapsed for input to mode choice. Work trip tables are collapsed by household income. Home-based Shop, Home-Based Social/Recreational, and Home-Based Other trip purposes are collapsed into Home-Based Other. Auto ownership stratifications are maintained for home-based trips, as is the segmentation of Home-Based Work trips (direct, strategic and complex trips).

Figure 1: Model Flow Diagram



Mode Choice

The next step is the application of **NLOGIT**, the stand-alone mode choice program. **NLOGIT** reads the skims and trip tables produced by previous model steps, along with the zonal socio-economic data file, parking cost file, household auto ownership file, and zonal walk to transit accessibility file. **NLOGIT** applies nested logit mode choice models, and creates trip tables by mode, trip purpose, and time period (peak and off-peak). **NLOGIT** also creates a file containing the percent of total work trips by zone that chose the walk mode, which is read by the auto ownership program in the next iteration of feedback.

Highway Assignment

Time-of-day factors are then applied to **NLOGIT** outputs to allocate trips to four time periods: A.M. peak (5-10 A.M.), Midday (10 to 3 P.M.), P.M. peak (3-6 P.M.) and Night (6 P.M – 5 AM). Just before assignment, 24-hour speeds on each network are replaced with free-flow speeds, stratified by facility type and area type. Link capacities for each time period are calculated by factoring the 24 hour capacity. The trip tables are then assigned to their respective networks using an equilibrium assignment algorithm, with HCM 2000 volume-delay functions. The four time periods are added together to create a 24-hour loaded highway network.

Feedback Implementation

The feedback loop is implemented using Cube's LOOP procedures. LOOP tells Cube to iterate between the first program group (network skimming) and the last program group (highway assignment), until the model converges, or until the pre-specified maximum number of iterations is reached (currently set to 10). The model has converged when the % root mean square error (%RMSE) of the current and previous iterations' volumes is less than 5%, and the %RMSE of the current and previous iterations' AM trip table is also less than 5%. A highway network archive of all iterations' volumes (each time period and total daily volume) is kept for future reference. Copies of the AM trip table produced by all iterations are also kept. If the model has not converged, feedback volumes for the peak and off-peak networks are computed using the method of successive averages, respectively using the AM and Midday volumes. Peak and off-peak speeds for the next model iteration are computed from the feedback volumes using the HCM 2000 volume-delay functions.

Transit Assignment

Once the model converges, transit assignments are performed for both peak and off-peak time periods. The transit assignments are executed using trip tables in production => attraction format.

Model Installation

The following procedures will install the model and base year 2000 input data on a workstation.

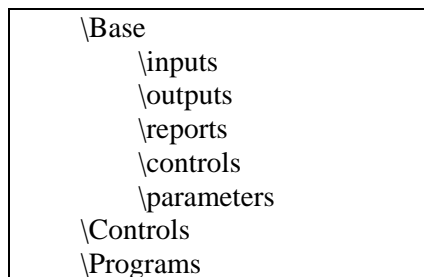
1. Unzip NCUBE.ZIP in the folder where you want to install the model.
2. Use a text editor to edit the file USER.TPL in the \PROGRAMS folder. Do a find/replace on C:\PROJECTS\NOACA\CONVERSION\NCUBE\ and replace this with the path to your \PROGRAMS folder; thus if you install the model on your C: drive in a folder called NCUBE, you would replace C:\PROJECTS\NOACA\CONVERSION\NCUBE\ with C:\NCUBE\.
3. Copy the edited USER.TPL to your CUBE installation directory; the default installation folder is C:\PROGRAM FILES\CITILABS\CUBE. This file is required to run the ODOT CAP2000 calculators.
4. Copy the files TWMENU.RSC and USERPROGS.RSC in the \PROGRAMS folder to the \RESOURCE folder of the CUBE installation directory. These files are required to run the non-cube model applications, namely GAWK, AUTOGEN and NLOGIT.
5. Add the following line C:\Projects\NOACA\Conversion\NCube\Programs or the path folder in your computer's Environment Variables Path (It's part of system properties)
6. Copy file *cc3270.dll* from C:\Projects\NOACA\Conversion\NCube\Programs into C:\WINDOWS\system32 folder
7. Open the NCUBE.CAT file in CUBE. Open the model application by double-clicking on "ncube" in the Applications pane. When it prompts to change path names, answer yes.

File Management

The model uses the file management utilities provided by Cube, and this dictates the directory structure of the application, particularly the \Base subfolder. See Figure 2. The root directory for the model application and model run files is the folder where the catalog is installed. All files that may be scenario-specific, such as input, output and report files, are in the \Base sub-directory. The Cube/Voyager scripts are in the \Controls sub-directory. Applications other than Cube & Voyager used by the model, such as AUTOGEN, NLOGIT and GAWK are in the \Programs folder.

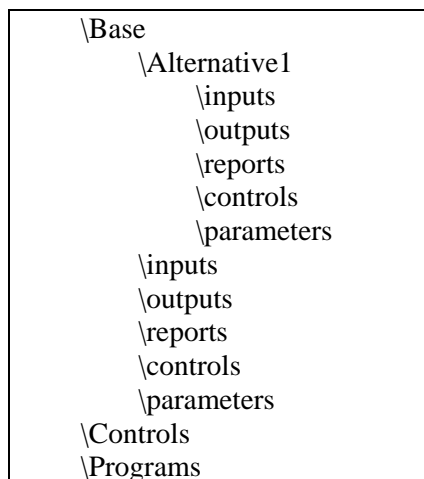
The \Base sub-directory contains all data required to run the base year scenario, as well as its outputs, structured in five sub-folders, as shown in Figure 2. All files in the \inputs sub-directory are specified using catalog keys, and are listed under Inputs in Cube's Data Pane. A selection of output files has been added to Cube's Data Pane output list. The user is free to add or delete files from this list. All standard report and print files produced by Voyager are in the \reports sub-directory. These files cannot be viewed in the Data Pane because the Data Pane reports are exclusively produced with Cube Reports. The \controls sub-directory contains the AUTOGEN and NLOGIT control files. The \parameters sub-directory contains various scenario-specific parameters used by the model, such as time of day factors, initial speed tables and capacity conversion factors.

Figure 2: Catalog File Structure



When a new scenario is created, Cube will create a folder under \Base to store the new scenarios files. The user needs to create the sub-directory structure under the new scenario folder, that is, create the \inputs, \outputs, \reports, \controls and \parameters folder using Windows Explorer or similar file browser software. See Figure 3 for a sample structure assuming the new scenario is called Alternative1.

Figure 3: Catalog File Structure for a Child Scenario



The user is responsible for populating the \inputs, \controls and \parameters folders. The \controls and \parameters files need not change for each scenario; in fact, it is likely that they will remain constant for most scenarios, and therefore the contents of the sub-folders under \Base can be copied to the new scenario sub-folders. The \outputs and \reports folder will be populated by the model, once the scenario is run. The user is responsible for populating the \inputs folder.

Running the Model

The model is run using Cube's Scenario Manager tools. Upon installation, the Base scenario should be all setup and ready to run. In order to run other scenarios, first the scenarios need to be created. Once this is done, then they are run in the same fashion as the Base scenario. These steps are described next.

Running the Base Scenario

As indicated above, the model installation sets up the Base scenario. This means that all input, control and parameter files reside in their respective folders, that the outputs and reports folders are created, and that the catalog keys point to the appropriate input files. Figure 4 shows the Scenario key edit dialog screen, for the case where the scenario folder is *C:\Projects\NOACA\conversion\ncube\Base*.

To run the base scenario, Cube provides three options, listed under Application\Run Application:

1. Create a Task Run File Only, to run later from Task Monitor: this is useful when the user wants to make multiple runs.
2. Create a Script, to run from Voyager: this creates a script file of the entire model chain, which can then be called up and run from Voyager.
3. Run the Application now from Task Monitor: this begins execution of the selected scenario run immediately.

Alternatively, the run can be started from the Scenario menu:

1. Select Edit/Run Scenario
2. Review the values assigned to all scenario keys
3. Press the Run button to run the scenario

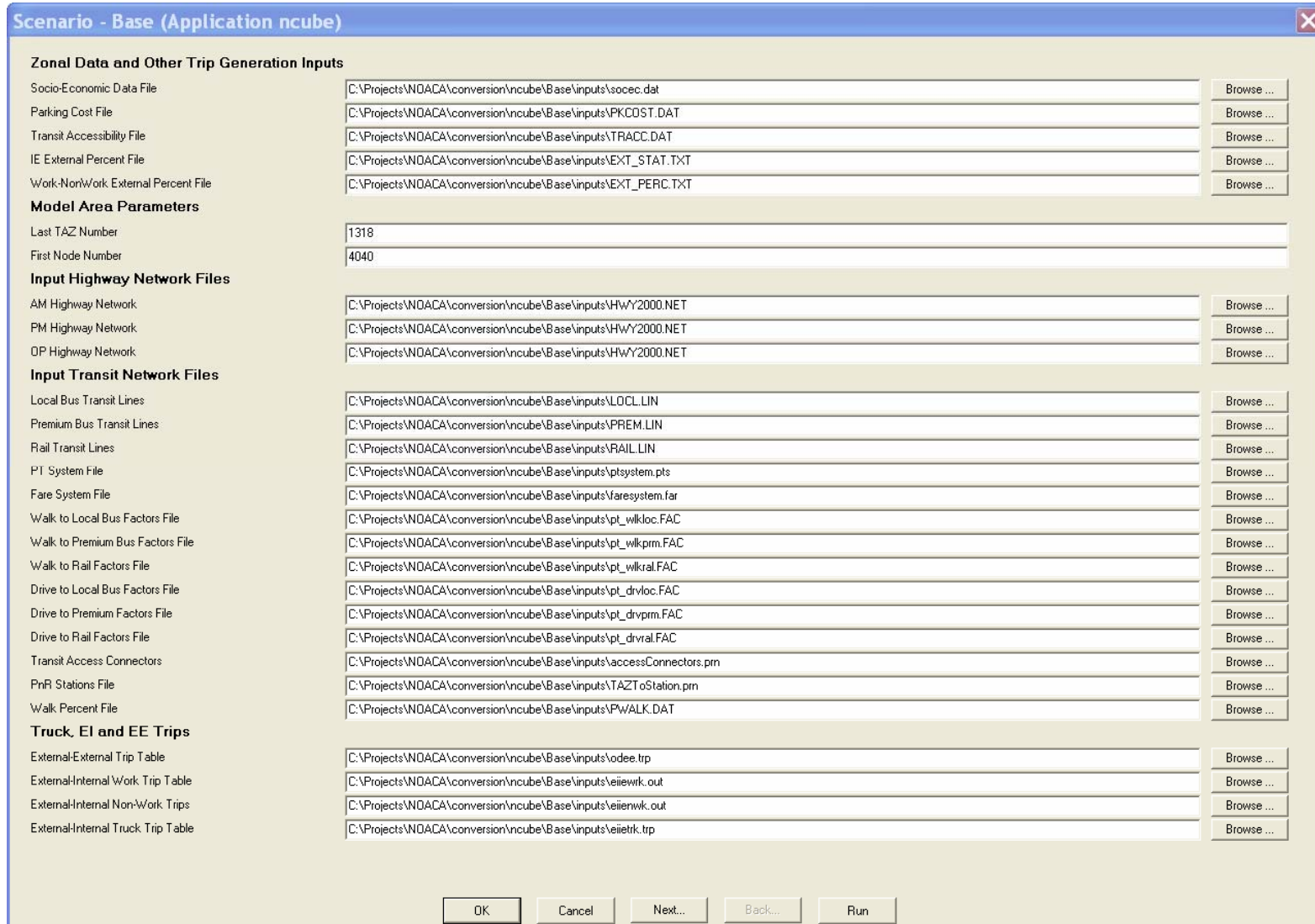
Creating and Running Other Scenarios

The following steps describe how to create and run a scenario other than the Base scenario:

1. Create the new scenario in Cube's Scenarios Pane.
2. Select the new scenario in Cube's Scenario Pane.
3. Create the folder structure to store model inputs and outputs, as described in the File Management section of this document.
4. Populate the \inputs folder with the inputs files particular to this scenario.
5. Populate the \controls and \parameters folder. In most cases, this simply involves copying the files from the respective Base scenario folders.
6. Edit the scenario keys to their appropriate values, and in particular, make sure they refer to the input files in this scenario's \input folder.
7. Run the scenario, using any of the options described above for the Base scenario.

Please note that it is not necessary to update all the input folders of a child scenario. Cube will use the input files specified for the scenario's keys, even if they reside in a different scenario folder.

Figure 4: Scenario Key Dialog Window



Running the ODOT Calculators

The ODOT speed and capacity calculators are run via process templates developed by Ohio DOT Technical Services. To access a process template:

1. Select Process Template from the Run menu
2. Choose the calculator you wish to run
3. Populate the dialog window box that opens up with the appropriate file paths and other information
4. Press OK to run the calculator.

File Description

This section describes the input, output and report files produced by all model steps, with the exception of AUTOGEN and NLOGIT, which are covered in their respective sections. The file description is organized by program subgroup as shown in the Cube catalog, in addition to the global parameter files, which may be used by any subgroup. A detailed description of the format and contents of the input files is available in the Appendix.

Global Parameter Files

NCUBE.VAR:

This is the Cube variables file. It is created by Cube every time a scenario is run. It is used to keep track of the feedback iteration number (for naming output files), and also to report the model convergence % rmse at each feedback iteration.

PARAMETERS.TXT:

This file contains the model parameters listed below.

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
OCC3PAM	3.7	Average vehicle occupancy for SR3+ AM Peak
OCC3PMD	3.7	Average vehicle occupancy for SR3+ Midday
OCC3PPM	3.7	Average vehicle occupancy for SR3+ PM Peak
OCC3PNT	3.7	Average vehicle occupancy for SR3+ Night
CONFACNT	0.29	Hourly to Night period capacity conversion factor
CONFACAM	0.38	Hourly to AM Peak period capacity conversion factor
CONFACMD	0.20	Hourly to Midday period capacity conversion factor
CONFACPM	0.50	to PM Peak period capacity conversion factor
PCEFLAT	2.0	PCE for Heavy Trucks in Flat or Non-defined Terrain
PCEROLLING	3.0	PCE for Heavy Trucks in Rolling Terrain
PCEMTN	5.0	PCE for Heavy Trucks in Mountainous Terrain

Group 1: Speed Initialization

Input Files

AM, PM and OP Highway networks These networks are inputs to the model system and must therefore be defined via their respective catalog keys. In the current implementation, a single network file contains all the information for the AM, PM and OP procedures.

Speed Tables:
amspeeds.dat
pmspeeds.dat
opspeeds.dat By default, the model will read initial peak and off-peak speeds from network variables. The script however provides the option of reading these speeds from a lookup table. A set of lookup year 2000 speed tables are included with the model installation, in the \parameters folder. To use these speeds, the relevant script sections must be enabled. Even if not used, these files must be present in the \parameters folder.

Output Files

Highway networks:
amwspds.net
pmwspds.net
opwspds.net The output highway networks contain the SPEED field, which is used to calculate peak and off-peak skims, using the AM and OP output network respectively.

Report Files

speedam.prn
 speedpm.prn
 speedop.prn

Standard print files produced by Voyager's NETWORK function.

Group 2: LOOP control

Input Files

First iteration highway networks:
 amwspds.net
 opwspds.net

For the first iteration, the model uses the highway networks output by the speed initialization group.

Second and higher iteration highway networks:
 amupdspds.net
 opupdspeds.net

For the second and all subsequent iterations, the model uses the highway networks output by the feedback procedures.

Output Files

Current iteration highway networks:
 amhwy.net
 ophwy.net

The LOOP function copies the relevant input networks to commonly-named network files. These files will be used by processes inside the LOOP.

Group 3: Highway Skimming

Input Files

Highway networks:
 amhwy.net
 ophwy.net

These are the networks output by the LOOP control process.

Output Files

Highway skims:
 hwyskims.mat

Highway skim tables in Cube Voyager format:
 Table 1 – peak highway distance
 Table 2 – peak highway time
 Table 3 – off peak highway time
 Table 4 – walk distance

Report Files

pkhwyskm.prn
 ophwyskm.prn
 nonmotskm.prn
 mrgskms.prn

Standard print files produced by Voyager's HIGHWAY function. Each report corresponds to the processes that skim the peak, off-peak and non-motorized networks, respectively.

Standard print file produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. Corresponds to the process that merges the period skim files into a single matrix.

Group 4: Transit Skimming

The transit network consists of 18 sub-networks, corresponding to 2 time periods, 3 transit modes (local, express, rail) and 3 access modes (walk, pnr and knr). The table below describes all input files, but only one set of output & report files (those corresponding to the peak local bus skims). Similar output and report files are produced for each sub-network.

Input Files

Generate.awk	GAWK script file used to produce GENERATE statements for the PUBLIC TRANSPORT function.
TAZ to Station File	The name of this file must be specified using its catalog key. This file links individual TAZs to specific park-and-ride lots.
Auto Access Connector File	The name of this file must be specified using its catalog key. This file links highway network nodes to transit nodes, for purposes of building auto access and bus transfer links.
Highway networks: amhwy.net ophwy.net	These are the networks output by the LOOP control process.
Transit line files: Local bus, express bus and rail transit	The names of these files must be specified using their catalog keys.
PT system file	The name of this file must be specified using its catalog key. This file contains global parameters for the Voyager's PUBLIC TRANSPORT function, such as mode numbers, names and description; operator numbers; and other.
Fares file	The name of this file must be specified using its catalog key. It contains fare information for use by Voyager's PUBLIC TRANSPORT function.
Factors files: walk local drive local walk premium drive premium walk rail drive rail	The names of these files must be specified using their catalog keys. They contain parameters for Voyager's PUBLIC TRANSPORT function, such as maximum allowable transfers, transfer penalties, value of time, fare system by mode, and others. The same factors are used to build and skim the peak and off-peak transit networks. PNR and KNR factors are the same (drive).

Output Files

GENERATE statements: wlralkgenerate.s pnralkgenerate.s knrralkgenerate.s pnrlocgenerate.s knrlocgenerate.s pnrprmgenerate.s knrprmgenerate.s	These files contain GENERATE statements for Voyager's PUBLIC TRANSPORT function. These statements indicate how to build the non-transit connectors (walk and drive access to rail, and drive access to park and ride).
Transit networks: pkwklloc.net pkpnrloc.net pkknrloc.net	Transit network files in internal Voyager format. Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.
Non transit leg files: pkwklloc.ntl pkpnrloc.ntl	Final non-transit legs used to build the transit networks, in Voyager format (these are text files). Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.

pkknrloc.ntl																																																									
Route files:	Final transit routes in internal Voyager format. These files are used for transit assignment. Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.																																																								
pkwklloc.rte																																																									
pkpnrloc.rte																																																									
pkknrloc.rte																																																									
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	Wlk	PNR	KNR																																																						
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Highway network with connectors:	Highway networks with added bus-to-rail walk access connectors.																																																								
amwconn.net																																																									
opwconn.net																																																									

Report Files

pkwklloc.prn	Standard print files produced by Voyager’s PUBLIC TRANSPORT function. Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.
pkpnrloc.prn	
pkknrloc.prn	
pkwklloc.rpt	Standard report file produced by Voyager’s PUBLIC TRANSPORT function. All reports from Route Enumeration and Route Evaluation are written to these files.
pkpnrloc.rpt	
pkknrloc.rpt	
amautoconn.prn	Standard print files produced by Voyager’s NETWORK function. These are produced when adding bus-to-rail walk access connectors to the highway networks.
opautoconn.prn	

Group 6: Trip Distribution

Input Files

Highway skims:	This is the highway skim file created by AUTOGEN.
distrib.mat	
Productions and attractions:	Productions and attractions by purpose and market segment. This file is produced by AUTOGEN.
pktrips.dat	
optrips.dat	
Friction factors:	Friction factors for all purposes and market segments. These files are produced by AUTOGEN.
ffactors.dat	
EI work trips	External-Internal work and non-work auto trips. The names of these files must be specified using their catalog keys. Trips expected in hundredths of units.
EI non-work trips	

Output Files

Trip tables:	Trip tables produced by the gravity models.
--------------	---

pkwka0.mat
 pkwka1.mat
 pknwk.mat
 opwka0.mat
 opwka1.mat
 opnwk.mat

Work trips:

	LowInc	MedInc	HighInc
Direct	Table 1	Table 2	Table 3
Strategic	Table 4	Table 5	Table 6
Complex	Table 7	Table 8	Table 9

Non Work trips:

Table 1: School	Table 5: Other
Table 2: University	Table 6: Non-home based work
Table 3: Shop	Table 7: Non-home based other
Table 4: Social/Rec	

Trip tables in mode choice format:

pkmcwork.mat
 opmcwork.mat
 mcnwrk.mat
 eiewrk.mat
 eienwk.mat

These are the gravity model tables, formatted as expected by the mode choice application, NLOGIT.

Report Files

pkwka0.prn
 pkwka1.prn
 pknwk.prn
 opwka0.prn
 opwka1.prn
 opnwk.prn

Standard print files produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. These print files report the results of the gravity models.

sumtriptabs.prn

Standard print file produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. This print file reports on the results of preparing the trip tables for mode choice input.

Distsum.prn
 Distsumtabs.prn
 hbwlow0dst.prn
 hbwmed0dst.prn
 hbwhi0dst.prn
 hbwlow1dst.prn
 hbwmed1dst.prn
 hbwhi1dst.prn
 hbwlow2dst.prn
 hbwmed2dst.prn
 hbwhi2dst.prn
 hbcdst.prn
 hbudst.prn
 hbsdst.prn
 hbrdst.prn
 hbodst.prn
 nhbwdst.prn
 nhbodst.prn
 tlfds.prn

Standard print files produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. These print files report on the results of producing district-to-district flow tables.

These print files contain the district summaries.

Standard print file produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. This file contains the estimated trip length frequency distributions for all purposes.

Group 8: Truck Model

Input Files

Highway skims: distrib.mat	This is the highway skim file created by AUTOGEN.
Productions and attractions: trucks.dat optrips.dat	Productions and attractions. This file is produced by AUTOGEN.
Friction factors: ffactors.dat	Friction factors for all purposes and market segments. These files are produced by AUTOGEN.
External-Internal trip table	External-internal truck trip table. The name of this file must be specified using its catalog key. Trips expected in hundredths of units.

Output Files

Truck tables: trucks.mat	Trip tables produced by the truck gravity models.
	Table 1: Linked trips 2-axle trucks Table 4: Garage trips 2-axle trucks
	Table 2: Linked trips 3-axle trucks Table 5: Garage trips 3_axle trucks
	Table 3: Linked trips 4+ axle trks Table 6: Garage trips 4+ axle trucks
	Table 7: IE/EI truck trips

Report Files

trucks.prn	Standard print files produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. These print files report the results of the truck gravity models.
------------	---

Group 9: Trip Factoring

Input Files

Person trip tables by mode: pkhbw.mat pkhbc.mat pkhbu.mat pkhbs.mat pkhbr.mat pkhbo.mat pknhw.mat pknho.mat eiiewrk.mat eiienk.mat	Trip tables by mode produced by NLOGIT.
External-internal trips eiiewrk.mat eiienk.mat	External – Internal trip tables. These tables are copied to the outputs folder during trip distribution.
External-external trips	External-external vehicle trip table. The name of this file must be specified using its catalog key.
Time of day factors: todfactors.dbf	Time of day factors for each trip purpose. These factors are used to convert the peak and off-peak trip tables to am, md, pm and nt trips. This file resides in the \parameters folder.

Output Files

Transit trips:
 pkrntrps.mat
 optntrps.mat

Peak and off-peak transit trip tables, in PA format.

	Local	Premium	Rail
Walk	Table 1	Table 4	Table 7
PNR	Table 2	Table 5	Table 8
KNR	Table 3	Table 6	Table 9

Highway trips:
 amvehtrp.mat
 mdvehtrp.mat
 pmvehtrp.mat
 ntvehtrp.mat

Vehicle trip tables, in OD format:
 Table 1: drive alone
 Table 2: shared ride 2
 Table 3: shared ride 3+
 Table 4: trucks

Report Files

factoring.prn

Standard print file produced by Voyager’s MATRIX function. This file reports the result of applying the time of day factors and adding up trips into four time periods (for highway) or peak/off-peak (for transit).

Group 10: Highway Assignment

Input Files

Highway trips:
 amvehtrp.mat
 mdvehtrp.mat
 pmvehtrp.mat
 ntvehtrp.mat

Vehicle trip tables, in OD format:
 Table 1: drive alone
 Table 2: shared ride 2
 Table 3: shared ride 3+
 Table 4: trucks

AM, PM and OP Highway networks

These networks are inputs to the model system and must therefore be defined via their respective catalog keys. In the current implementation, a single network file contains all the information for the AM, PM and OP procedures. The off-peak speed is assumed to be the free-flow speed.

BPR curve:
 bprconexp.csv

Parameters of the HCM 2000 BPR curves. This file resides in the \parameters folder.

AM trip tables:
 amvehtrps_#.mat

AM vehicle trips for the current and previous iterations. These are used to check for trip table convergence.

Output Files

Loaded highway networks:
 amassing.net
 mdassign.net
 pmassign.net
 ntassign.net

Highway networks with estimated volumes.

Turn volumes:
 amturnvols.trn
 mdturnvols.trn
 pmtturnvols.trn
 ntturnvols.trn

Turn volumes, at all highway nodes.

Highway paths:
 amhwypaths.pth
 mdhwypaths.pth
 pmhwypaths.pth
 nthwypaths.pth

Highway paths. These files are optional. To save them, the PATH keys need to be set to *true* (1). Use caution: these are very large files.

Volume archives:
 vol24_#.net

This network file stores the link volumes estimated during iteration # and all previous iterations. It includes the daily volume. This file is used to compute link convergence.

Link volumes: vol24.dbf	This file stores the link volumes estimated during the current iteration. This file is used to compute highway validation statistics.
Catalog variables: ncube.var tplt#.var	This is the catalog variables file. It is used here to save the results of the model convergence checks. When ran from Application Manager, Cube creates a file called ncube.var. When ran from Voyager, it creates a file called tplt#.var.

Report Files

amassign.prn mdassign.prn pmassign.prn ntassign.prn	Standard print file produced by Voyager's HIGHWAY function. These files report the highway assignments results.
combinevols.prn	Standard print file produced by Voyager's NETWORK function. This file reports the result of creating the volume archive.
linkconvg.prn	Standard print file produced by Voyager's NETWORK function. This file reports the result of checking for link convergence.
matconvg.prn	Standard print file produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. This file reports the result of checking for AM trip table convergence.

Groups 11 to 14: Speed Feedback

Input Files

Loaded highway networks: amassign.net mdassign.net	Highway networks with estimated volumes.
Volume archives: vol24_#.net	This network file stores the link volumes estimated during iteration # and all previous iterations. It includes the daily volume. This file is used to compute link convergence and speed feedback
BPR curve: bprconexp.csv	Parameters of the HCM 2000 BPR curves. This file resides in the \parameters folder.

Output Files

Highway networks with updated speeds: amupdspds.net opupdspds.net	Highway networks with peak and off-peak speeds calculated using the estimated volumes from all previous iterations.
---	---

Report Files

amspdupdate.prn mdspdupdate.prn	Standard print file produced by Voyager's NETWORK function. These files report the results of computing feedback peak and off-peak speeds.
------------------------------------	--

Group 15: Transit Assignments

The model performs 18 transit assignments, one for each transit sub-network (2 time periods, 3 transit modes (local, express, rail) and 3 access modes (walk, pnr and knr). The table below describes the input output and report files corresponding to the peak local bus sub-networks only. Similar files are produced for each sub-network.

Input Files

Transit networks: pkwklloc.net pkpnrloc.net pkknrloc.net	Transit network files in internal Voyager format. Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.
Route files: pkwklloc.rte pkpnrloc.rte pkknrloc.rte	Final transit routes in internal Voyager format. These files are produced during transit skimming. Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.
Trip Tables: pktrnrtps.mat	Transit trip tables. Similar file exists for the off-peak trips. These files are produced in the Factoring application subgroup.

Output Files

Loaded links file: pkwklclod.dbf pkpnrclod.dbf pkknrclod.dbf	Link file with loaded transit and non-transit legs.
---	---

Report Files

pkwklclod.prn pkpnrclod.prn pkknrclod.prn	Standard print files produced by Voyager's PUBLIC TRANSPORT function. Similar files are produced for the premium and rail networks, both for peak and off-peak periods.
pkwklclod.rpt pkpnrclod.rpt pkknrclod.rpt	Standard report file produced by Voyager's PUBLIC TRANSPORT function. All reports from Route Evaluation are written to these files.

Group 16: Reporting

Input Files

Link volumes: vol24.dbf	This file stores the link volumes estimated during the current iteration.
----------------------------	---

Output Files

Link validation statistics: volgrp_val.dbf Fclass_val.dbf	These files report validation statistics for each link volume group and link functional class group. This file is optional; it is produced only when the VALIDATION key is set to <i>True</i> .
Screenline validation statistics: Scrln_val.dbf	This file reports validation statistics for highway network screenlines. The screenlines must be coded on the input highway networks. This file is optional; it is produced only when the VALIDATION key is set to <i>True</i> .

Report Files

highwayvalidation.prn screenline_valid.prn	Standard print file produced by Voyager's MATRIX function. These files report the results of computing the validation statistics.
---	---

AUTOGEN

AUTOGEN is a combined Auto Ownership and Trip Generation Application Program developed for the Cleveland region. **AUTOGEN** may be run as a stand-alone program or as part of the four-step model chain. In order to run it as part of the model chain, **AUTOGEN** has been implemented as a Cube User Program. To run it as a stand alone program, the command line must include the control file name (**AUTOGEN** autogen.ctl). **AUTOGEN** provides inputs to the Voyager Gravity Model function as well as reports and summaries of computations and results. Complete descriptions of all of the **AUTOGEN** functions are given below; Figure 2 shows the program flow.

Socio-Economic Sub-Models

AUTOGEN will estimate the number of households by a number of socio-economic variables for every internal zone in the Cleveland region (currently 1003 zones). These models take the form of curve-fitted share models with the exception of the Auto Ownership model, which is a multinomial logit model. The sub-models are listed below:

- Household Income
 - INPUTS:
 - Total occupied households per zone
 - Average household income per zone
 - Average regional household Income
 - OUTPUT:
 - Households by household income group (1, 2, 3, 4) per zone
- Household Size
 - INPUTS:
 - Total occupied households per zone
 - Average household size per zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Households by household size (1, 2, 3, 4+) per zone
- Workers per Household
 - INPUTS:
 - Total occupied households per zone
 - Average workers per household per zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Households by workers per household (0, 1, 2, 3+) per zone

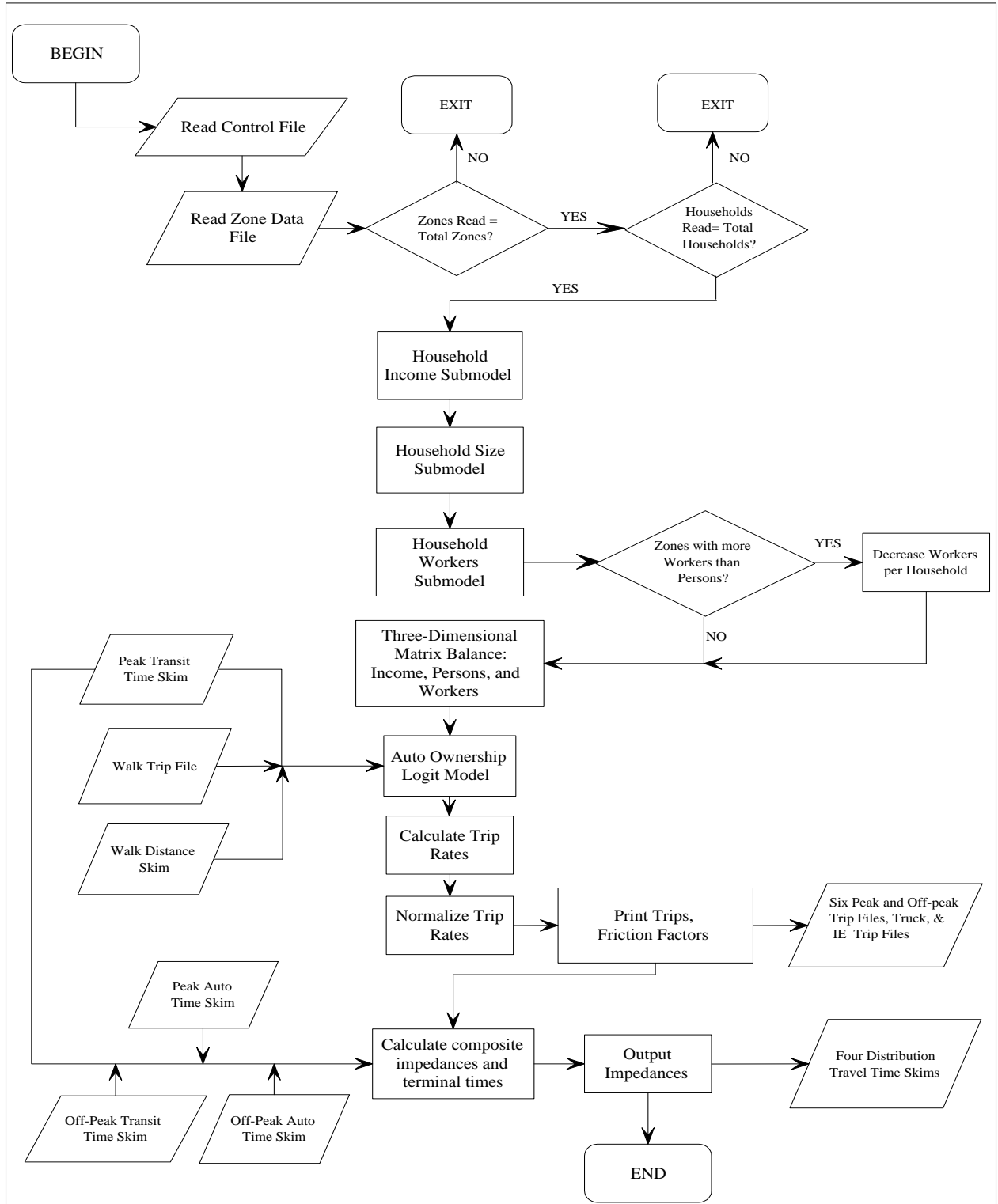
Auto Ownership Logit Model

AUTOGEN implements a multinomial logit Auto Ownership model to estimate the number of households by 0, 1, 2, and 3+ autos per household for every zone. The auto ownership model¹ requires the joint distribution of households by household income, household size, and workers per household as an input. A three-dimensional matrix-balancing algorithm is implemented in **AUTOGEN** to derive this joint distribution for every zone with occupied households in the Cleveland region. The seed matrix for the balancing algorithm is the regional distribution of households by household income, household size, and workers per household from the 1990 Public

¹ For a more thorough documentation of the Auto Ownership Logit Model, see the paper entitled “Estimation Results: Household Auto Ownership Model Development”, by PBQ&D for NOACA, May 1997.

Use Micro-data Samples (PUMS). The vectors are supplied by the previously estimated household sub-models.

Figure 5: AUTOGEN Program



Additionally, the auto ownership model recognizes the impact of accessibility on auto ownership. **AUTOGEN** reads Cube Voyager matrices with zone-to-zone peak transit travel times and zone-to-zone walk distance to compute the amount of total regional retail employment within 40 minutes of transit time and 1 mile walking distance respectively. **AUTOGEN** also provides a direct feedback loop to mode choice by reading a text file with the number of walk-to-work trips by zone.

- Autos per Household (0, 1, 2, 3+)
 - INPUTS:
 - Joint distribution of households by household income, household size and workers per household
 - Percent walk-to-work file
 - Cube Voyager peak transit travel time skim matrix
 - Cube Voyager walk distance skim matrix
 - Total Retail employment per zone
 - Population density per zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Joint distribution of households by household income, household size, workers per household, and auto ownership (0, 1, 2, 3+)

Trip Generation

AUTOGEN will compute the number of trips by trip purpose for input into the Voyager Gravity Model function. The stratifications for these cross-classification models vary by trip purpose. A brief explanation of each trip purpose is given below.

Work trip production rates were estimated for households stratified by household size, workers per household, and auto ownership. However, the trip distribution gravity models were stratified by auto ownership (0, 1, and 2+) and household income group (1, 2, 3, 4). The work trip production models use a two-dimensional matrix-balancing algorithm to compute the number of trips by Auto Ownership and Household Income for each zone in the Cleveland region. The algorithm uses a matrix of expanded work trips by auto ownership and household income as a seed. The row vectors are the number of trips by auto ownership estimated from application of the production models. The column vectors are the number of work trips by household income. Column vectors are estimated by applying a work trip production rate by income group (derived from the household survey) to the number of households by income group (estimated by the household income sub-model). Column vectors are scaled to row vectors prior to balancing. The output matrix contains the total number of work trips by auto ownership and household income group.

- Work Trip Production Models (Direct, Strategic, and Complex)
 - INPUTS:
 - Households by the joint distribution of households by household size, workers per household, and auto ownership
 - Households by household income group
 - OUTPUT:
 - Direct, Strategic, and Complex Home-Based-Work Trips by auto ownership and household income
- Home-Based-Shop, Social/Recreational, Other, University and Non-Home-Based-Other Trip Productions
 - INPUT:
 - Joint distribution of households by household size and auto ownership

- OUTPUT:
 - Trip productions by non-work trip purpose per zone
- Non-Home-Based-Work Trip Productions
 - INPUT:
 - Joint distribution of households by workers per household and auto ownership
 - OUTPUT:
 - Non-Home-Based-Work trip productions per zone
- Home-Based School (captive and non-captive) Trip Productions
 - INPUT:
 - Joint distribution of households by household size, workers per household and auto ownership per zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Home-Based School (Captive and Non-captive) trips by zone
- Work Trip Attraction Models (Direct, Strategic, Complex, and Non-home-based-Work)
 - INPUTS:
 - Employment by Basic, Service, and Retail per zone
 - Total occupied households per zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Home-Based Work and Non-home-based-Work Trip attractions by auto ownership (0, 1, 2+) and household income group (1, 2, 3, 4) per zone
- Home-Based Shop, Social/Recreational, Other, School, University and Non-Home-Based-Other Trip Attraction Models
 - INPUTS:
 - Employment by Basic, Service, and Retail per zone
 - Total area (square miles) per zone
 - Total population per zone
 - Total elementary/secondary enrollment per zone
 - Total university enrollment per zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Non-Work Trip Attractions by trip purpose and zone
- Truck trips
 - INPUTS:
 - Employment by Basic, Service, and Retail per Zone
 - OUTPUT:
 - Truck trip productions and attractions by trip purpose and zone
- Internal-External trips
 - INPUTS:
 - Total trip productions and attractions by purpose and zone, described above.
 - Zone – external district equivalencies, in *ZoneDataFile*
 - District percent file (*ExternalFile*)
 - External station percent file (*ExtStationFile*)
 - OUTPUTS:
 - Internal-external trips by purpose and zone.

Trip Printing

AUTOGEN outputs two (2) files for input to the Voyager Gravity Model function for internal trip purposes (peak and off-peak), plus one file for truck trips and one file for internal-external trips. The names of the output files can be changed by the user; however, the trip purposes in each file remain constant. **AUTOGEN** applies user-supplied purpose-specific peak hour factors when printing these files (except for truck trips and IE trips, which are 24-hour productions and attractions). Additionally, **AUTOGEN** writes out a friction factor file, containing factors for purposes (internal, commercial and external). The trip purposes in each file are listed in the [TRIPFILES] section, below.

Composite Impedances

Another feature of **AUTOGEN** is the computation of composite impedance values for each zone-to-zone interchange in the Cleveland region. When this function is active (by setting the *WriteSkim* flag, below), **AUTOGEN** reads peak and off-peak transit and highway travel time matrices and writes a matrix with peak and off-peak composite impedance values and peak and off-peak highway travel time plus terminal times.

The output Cube Voyager impedance and highway time matrix has the following tables:

- Table 1: Peak Composite Impedance
- Table 2: Off-Peak Composite Impedance
- Table 3: Peak Highway Time + Terminal Time
- Table 4: Off-Peak Highway Time + Terminal Time

Control File

The following section describes the elements of the control file required to run **AUTOGEN**. The control file is organized into separate related sections, identified by brackets ([]).

[INFILES]

This section lists all the files required to run **AUTOGEN**. A maximum of 200 characters is allowed to describe the path and location of each file. The files are briefly described below.

<i>ZoneDataFile</i>	This is an ASCII text file with input socio-economic information for each zone. Every zone must be listed (currently 1003 zones). Comments may be included in this file if preceded by an asterisk (*).
<i>TransitSkim</i>	Transit skim matrices file, in Cube Voyager internal format.
<i>PeakTransitTable</i>	Peak transit time table (access+egress+wait+in-vehicle) in <i>TransitSkim</i> file.
<i>OffPeakTransitTable</i>	Off-peak transit time table in <i>TransitSkim</i> file.
<i>AutoSkim</i>	Auto skim matrix, in Cube Voyager internal format
<i>PeakAutoTable</i>	Peak auto travel time table in <i>AutoSkim</i> file
<i>OffPeakAutoTable</i>	Off-peak auto travel time table in <i>AutoSkim</i> file.
<i>WalkDistanceTable</i>	Distance travel time table in <i>AutoSkim</i> file.
<i>WalkPercentFile</i>	Walk-to-work proportions TAZ file.
<i>ExternalFile</i>	Internal-External trip proportion district file.
<i>ExtStationFile</i>	External station IE trip proportions file.

[OUTFILES]

This section lists all the files that are output by **AUTOGEN** with the exception of the trip files. A maximum of 200 characters is allowed to describe the path and location of each file. All of the files,

with the exception of the *ReportFile*, will only be created if they are selected in the *[PARAMETERS]* section. The files are briefly described below.

<i>ReportFile</i>	AUTOGEN report file.
<i>DistrictFile</i>	Lists total productions and attractions by district and trip purpose.
<i>VectorFile</i>	Household market segment TAZ report file.
<i>JointDistFile</i>	Household joint distribution report file.
<i>CoefficientFile</i>	Balancing coefficients report file.
<i>AutoOwnFile</i>	Auto ownership calculations report file.
<i>ZoneTripFile</i>	Trip productions and attractions TAZ report file.
<i>DistribSkim</i>	TRANPLAN internal formatted matrix containing peak and off-peak composite impedances and highway travel times plus terminal times, used for trip distribution.

[TRIPFILES]

This section lists the files that contain internal productions and normalized attractions by zone and trip purpose for input into the TRANPLAN Gravity Model. Friction factors are appended to these files.

<i>PkTrips</i>	Peak trips by purpose.
<i>OpTrips</i>	Off peak trips by purpose.
<i>FFactors</i>	Friction factors for all purposes.
<i>TruckFile</i>	Truck trips by purpose.
<i>IEFile</i>	Internal-External trips.

[PARAMS]

<i>Scenario</i>	Name of current scenario being tested (max 199 chars) to print to output files.
<i>Zones</i>	The number of zones in the <i>ZoneDataFile</i> .
<i>TotHouseholds</i>	The total number of households in the <i>ZoneDataFile</i> .
<i>WriteDistrict</i>	Write district summaries to <i>DistrictFile</i> . (Y or N)
<i>WriteVectors</i>	Write total households by each market segment to <i>VectorFile</i> . (Y or N)
<i>WriteJoint</i>	Write joint distribution of households to <i>JointDistFile</i> . (Y or N)
<i>WriteCoefficients</i>	Write balancing coefficients to <i>CoefficientFile</i> . (Y or N)
<i>WriteTrips</i>	Write trips in Cube Voyager format to <i>[TRIPFILES]</i> . (Y or N)
<i>WriteSkim</i>	Write distribution skims in Cube Voyager format to <i>DistribSkim</i> . (YES or NO)
<i>Normalize</i>	Normalize submodels to user-inputs. Must be set to No for future year scenarios. (Y or N)
<i>Externals</i>	Use internal-external trip generation model. (Y or N)

[AUTOS]

This section will only be used if the *Normalize* flag (YES or NO) is set to YES.

This section contains information used to calibrate Auto Ownership Model Bias constants. If the user wants to see all calculations for the Auto Ownership Model, the *Debug* flag (YES or NO) should be set to YES. However, this option dramatically increases the run-time of **AUTOGEN**.

[INCOME]

This section will only be used if the *Normalize* flag (YES or NO) is set to YES.

<i>AvgRegInc</i>	Average regional income.
<i>IncomeGroupnHHs</i>	The total number of regional households in Income Group <i>n</i> . These numbers must add up to the total number of regional households specified in [PARAMS].

[SIZE]

This section will only be used if the *Normalize* flag (YES or NO) is set to YES.

<i>SizeGroupnHHs</i>	The total number of regional households with <i>n</i> persons per household. These numbers must add up to the total number of regional households specified in [PARAMS].
----------------------	--

[WORKERS]

This section will only be used if the *Normalize* flag (YES or NO) is set to YES.

<i>WorkerGroupnHHs</i>	The total number of regional households with <i>n</i> workers per household. These numbers must add up to the total number of regional households specified in [PARAMS].
------------------------	--

[EXTERNALS]

This section lists the percent of total trips that are external, by trip purpose. This has been replaced by an internal-external trip model and is only required if *Externals* is set to NO.

<i>Direct</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-Work-Direct trip purpose.
<i>Strategic</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-Work-Strategic trip purpose.
<i>Complex</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-Work-Complex trip purpose.
<i>School</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-School trip purpose.
<i>University</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-University trip purpose.
<i>Shop</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-Shop trip purpose.
<i>Social</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-Social/Recreational trip purpose.
<i>Other</i>	Percent external trips for Home-Based-Other trip purpose.
<i>NHBW</i>	Percent external trips for Non-Home-Based-Work trip purpose.
<i>NHBO</i>	Percent external trips for Non-Home-Based-Other trip purpose.

[PEAK]

This section lists the percent of total trips that occur in the peak period, by trip purpose. See trip purposes in *[EXTERNALS]*, above.

File Formats

AUTOGEN TAZ Planning Variables Input File Format (ZoneDataFile)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-10:	Zone number (5-county)
21-30:	Occupied households
31-40:	Population in households
41-50:	Total workers in households
61-70:	Average household income
71-80:	Basic employment
81-90:	Service employment
91-100:	Retail employment
101- 110:	Square miles
111-120:	Secondary/Elementary enrollment
121-130:	University enrollment
131-140:	Internal district used for reporting (MAX 200)
141-150:	Internal-External HBW district
151-160:	Internal-External NHBW district
161-170:	County
171-180:	Area type

AUTOGEN Distribution Skim Output File Format (DistribSkim)

Table 1:	Peak Composite Impedance
Table 2:	Off-Peak Composite Impedance
Table 3:	Peak Highway Travel Time + Terminal Time
Table 4:	Off-Peak Highway Travel Time + Terminal Time

AUTOGEN Percent Walk to Work Input File Format (WalkPercentFile)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-10:	Zone number
11-20:	Number of work trips by walk mode

AUTOGEN IE Trip Proportion Input File Format (ExternalFile)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-5:	IE district
6-11:	HBW percent IE
12-17:	HBW percent IE attractions
18-23:	HBW percent IE productions
24-29:	NHBW percent IE
30-35:	NHBW percent IE attractions
36-41:	NHBW percent IE productions

AUTOGEN External Station Input File Format (ExtStationFile)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-5:	External station zone number
6-11:	Percent HBW productions
12-17:	Percent HBW attractions
18-23:	Percent NHBW productions
24-29:	Percent NHBW attractions
30-35:	Percent truck trips

AUTOGEN Peak and Off Peak Trip File Format (PkTrips & OpTrips)

Purpose 1:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 1, Auto 0
Purpose 2:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 2 & 3, Auto 0
Purpose 3:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 4, Auto 0
* Purpose 4:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 1, Auto 0
* Purpose 5:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 2 & 3, Auto 0
* Purpose 6:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 4, Auto 0
Purpose 7:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 1, Auto 0
Purpose 8:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 2 & 3, Auto 0
Purpose 9:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 4, Auto 0
Purpose 10:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 1 & 2, Auto 1
Purpose 11:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 3 & 4, Auto 1
Purpose 12:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 1 & 2, Auto 2+
Purpose 13:	Home-Based-Work-Direct, Income 3 & 4, Auto 2+
Purpose 14:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 1 & 2, Auto 1
Purpose 15:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 3 & 4, Auto 1
Purpose 16:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 1 & 2, Auto 2+
Purpose 17:	Home-Based-Work-Strategic, Income 3 & 4, Auto 2+
Purpose 18:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 1 & 2, Auto 1
Purpose 19:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 3 & 4, Auto 1
Purpose 20:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 1 & 2, Auto 2+
Purpose 21:	Home-Based-Work-Complex, Income 3 & 4, Auto 2+
Purpose 22:	Home-Based-School
Purpose 23:	Home-Based-University
Purpose 24:	Home-Based-Shop
Purpose 25:	Home-Based-Social/Recreational
Purpose 26:	Home-Based-Other
Purpose 27:	Non-Home-Based-Work
Purpose 28:	Non-Home-Based-Other

* In the current model implementation, there are no Home-Based-Work-Strategic trips for households with 0 Autos. These purposes were left in the trip files as place-holders.

AUTOGEN Truck Trip File Format (TruckFile)

Purpose 1:	Linked 2-axle
Purpose 2:	Linked 3-axle
Purpose 3:	Linked 4+ axle
Purpose 4:	Garage-based 2-axle
Purpose 5:	Garage-based 3-axle
Purpose 6:	Garage-based 4+ axle
Purpose 7:	I-E Truck, all axles

AUTOGEN Internal-External Trip File Format (IEFile)

- Purpose 1: HBW internal productions, external attractions
- Purpose 2: HBW external productions, internal attractions
- Purpose 3: NHBW internal productions, external attractions
- Purpose 4: NHBW external productions, internal attractions

NLOGIT

NLOGIT is the mode choice application program for the Cleveland travel demand forecasting model system. **NLOGIT** applies nested logit mode choice models for each of five trip purposes (Home-Based Work, Home-Based University, Home-Based Other, Non-Home-Based Work, and Non-Home-Based Other) and two time periods (Peak and Off-peak). The program is compatible with the Cube Voyager modeling system and can operate either within the Cleveland travel forecasting job stream or as a stand-alone application. The program has the capability to read and write directly to and from Cube Voyager formatted binary files, reducing the overall run-time of the mode choice process and eliminating unnecessary disk-related operations.

In addition, this program features an auto-calibrate capability. That is, the program can be used with minimal user intervention to calibrate auto-ownership specific bias constants in order to replicate known mode shares. This feature provides GCRTA and NOACA the ability to easily update the Cleveland mode choice models as current information with respect to modal shares from Census data or transit on-board surveys becomes available.

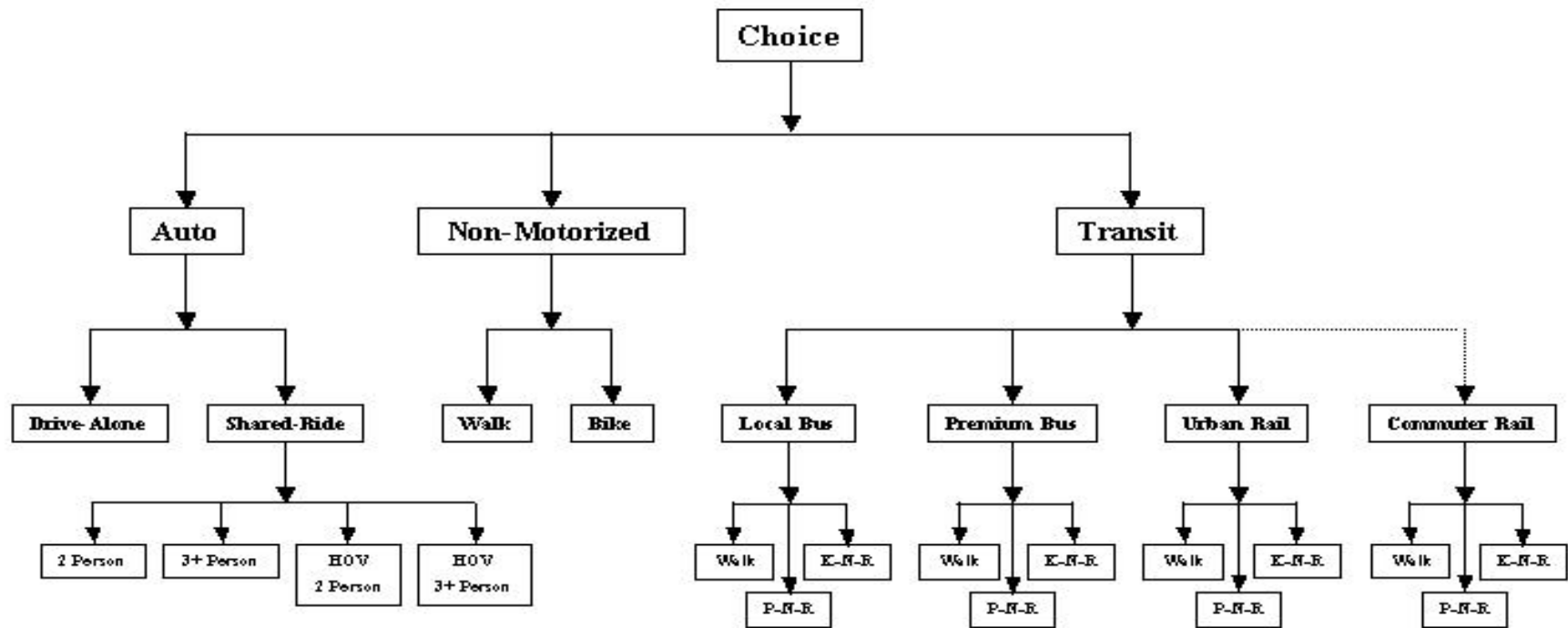
Available Modes

As currently structured, the mode choice program is capable of considering a wide range of highway and transit modes of travel. The existing structure of the mode choice model and the relative position of each choice in the model structure are shown in Figure 3. There are 14 choices which can be selected at the “lowest level” or choice level of the model:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Drive Alone | (Auto) |
| 2. 2 Person Auto | (Auto) |
| 3. 3+ Person Auto | (Auto) |
| 4. Walk | (Not assigned) |
| 5. Bike | (Not assigned) |
| 6. Walk to Local Bus | (Transit) |
| 7. Walk to Express Bus | (Transit) |
| 8. Walk to Urban Rail | (Transit) |
| 9. Park-n-Ride to Local Bus | (Transit) |
| 10. Park-n-Ride to Express Bus | (Transit) |
| 11. Park-n-Ride to Urban Rail | (Transit) |
| 12. Kiss-n-Ride to Local Bus | (Transit) |
| 13. Kiss-n-Ride to Express Bus | (Transit) |
| 14. Kiss-n-Ride to Urban Rail | (Transit) |

NLOGIT has been designed to facilitate the description and specification of required input files and parameters. All of the information required from the user is supplied to the program in the form of a control file described in detail below. The file must be renamed to **NLOGIT.CTL** and placed in the same directory as the program prior to execution. To run the program, simply type **NLOGIT** at the DOS command prompt, or call it in a DOS batch file. In the Cube catalog, **NLOGIT** has been implemented as a User Program.

Figure 6: Cleveland Mode Choice Model Structure (All Purposes and Time Periods)



MC

NLOGIT Control File*&FILES*

FPERIN= Input person trip matrix (Voyager internal format)
 FSKLCL= Transit skim matrix-local bus
 FSKEXP= Transit skim matrix-express bus
 FSKRAL= Transit skim matrix-urban rail
 FSKA0P= Drive alone highway skim matrix (created by **AUTOGEN**)
 FSKA2P= 2-Person highway skim matrix (optional)
 FSKA3P= 3+ Person highway skim matrix (optional)
 FZDATA= Planning variables TAZ data file
 FZWALK= Walk access proportions TAZ data file
 FPCOST= Parking cost TAZ data file
 FMDOUT= Mode choice model output person trip table matrix.
 FPWALK= Percent walk to work TAZ data file (output).
 FADRIV= Drive to work attraction TAZ data file (output/input)
 FRPORT= Mode choice model report file (output)
 FHOVPR= Person-trip file for HOV option (output)
 FAUTOP=

&PARAMS

TZONES= Total number of zones, including externals
 NZONES= Number of internal zones
 NCATS= Number of auto ownership categories (3)
 PERTBL= Purpose number for person trip matrix (1-5)
 HHLDF= Household trip factor by auto ownership (for non-work trips only)
 SCHBUS= Proportion of school bus trips by auto ownership (school trips only)
 NITER= Number of calibration iterations

&OPTIONS

DRYRUN= Check for input datasets and parameters only (T/F)
 DEBUG= Program debug option (T/F)
 HWY2P= Presence of 2 Person skim matrix (T/F)
 HWY3P= Presence of 3+ Person skim matrix (T/F)
 EXPBUS= Presence of express bus skim matrix (T/F)
 RAIL= Presence of urban rail skim matrix (T/F)
 CALIB= Self calibration enable (T/F)
 WALKP= Walk proportion file (T/F)
 WORK=
 DAILYPK=
 OFFPK=
 NHBW=
 HOV=

&SELECTS

REPORTS= Modal trip summary report request (1-2)
 I= Origin zone selection
 J= Destination zone selection

&PARMS

ADJFCT=
 CIVT= In-vehicle time coefficient
 CWAIT1= Initial wait time coefficient for first 7 minutes
 CWAIT2= Initial wait time coefficient for greater than 7 minutes
 CTWALK= Transfer walk coefficient

CDRIVE=	Transit drive-access coefficient
CBIKE=	Bike distance coefficient
CWALK=	Walk distance coefficient
CWALK1=	Short walk coefficient
CWALK2=	Long walk coefficient
COCOST=	Out-of-pocket cost coefficient
CPCOST=	Parking cost coefficient
CXFERS=	Number of transfers coefficient
CLBXFR=	Local bus transfer coefficient
CCBD=	CBD attraction zone indicator constant
CCBDT=	CBD attraction zone transit zone indicator constant
CCBDW=	CBD attraction zone walk indicator constant
CCMPLX=	Complex work trip indicator constant
CSTRAT=	Strategic work trip indicator constant
CDENW=	Residential density coefficient for transit walk access
CSIZE2=	2-Person Household Size Coefficient
CSIZE3=	3+ Person Household Size Coefficient
CFORML=	Formal lot indicator constant
CHOVT=	HOV time savings coefficient
HOVMIN=	Minimum time savings threshold for CHOVT
HOVDIS=	Minimum distance traveled on HOV lanes
HOVDT=	Minimum travel time savings requirement for HOV
HOVTM=	Minimum travel time savings per mile required for HOV
OCC3P=	Average 3+ occupancy value
ACPM=	Auto operating cost per mile
INTDA=	Drive-alone proportion for intrazonal trips
INT2P=	2 person proportion for intrazonal trips
INT3P=	3+ person proportion for intrazonal trips
INTWK=	Walk/bicycle proportion for intrazonal trips
KBIKE(I)=	Bike bias constant – Auto Level I
KWLK(I)=	Walk bias constant – Auto Level I
KAT(I)=	Auto bias constant – Auto Level I
KSR(I)=	SR 2 Person bias constant – Auto Level I
K3P(I)=	SR 3 Person bias constant – Auto Level I
KLBP(I)=	Local bus PNR bias constant – Auto Level I
KLBK(I)=	Local bus KNR bias constant – Auto Level I
KLBW(I)=	Local Bus walk bias constant – Auto Level I
KEBP(I)=	Express bus PNR bias constant – Auto Level I
KEBK(I)=	Express bus KNR bias constant – Auto Level I
KEBW(I)=	Express Bus walk bias constant – Auto Level I
KURP(I)=	Urban rail PNR bias constant – Auto Level I
KURK(I)=	Urban rail KNR bias constant – Auto Level I
KURW(I)=	Urban rail walk bias constant – Auto Level I
KEXP(I)=	Express bus bias constant – Auto Level I
KRAL(I)=	Urban rail bias constant – Auto Level I
KBUS(I)=	Local bus bias constant – Auto Level I
KTRN(I)=	Transit bias constant – Auto Level I
CLSPRM=	Primary mode nesting coefficient
CLSSUB=	Access mode nesting coefficient

Note: Non-Home-Based Work and Non-Home-Based Other mode choice models are not stratified by auto ownership; bias constants apply to all trips.

NLOGIT File Formats

NLOGIT Trip Matrix Output Table Format

- 1= Walk to local bus transit trips
- 2= PNR to local bus transit trips
- 3= KNR to local bus transit trips
- 4= Walk to express bus transit trips
- 5= PNR to express bus transit trips
- 6= KNR to express bus transit trips
- 7= Walk to urban rail transit trips
- 8= PNR to urban rail transit trips
- 9= KNR to urban rail transit trips
- 10= Walk trips
- 11= Bicycle trips
- 12= Drive alone person trips
- 13= Shared Ride 2 person trips
- 14= Shared Ride 3+ person trips

NLOGIT Planning Variables File (FZDATA)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-10:	Zone number (5-county)
11-20:	Total housing units (not used)
21-30:	Occupied households
31-40:	Population
41-50:	Total workers in households
51-60:	Total employment
61-70:	Average household income
71-80:	Basic employment
81-90:	Service employment
91-100:	Retail employment
101-110:	Square miles
111-120:	Secondary/Elementary enrollment
121-130:	University enrollment
131-140:	Internal district used for reporting
141-150:	Internal-External HBW district
151-160:	Internal-External NHBW district
161-170:	County (1 Lorain, 2 Cuyahoga, 3 Lake, 4 Geauga, 5 Medina)
171-180:	Area type (5 CBD, 4 High Commercial, 3 Urban, 2 Suburban, 1 Rural)

NLOGIT Walk Access Proportion Data File (FZWALK)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-5:	Traffic analysis zone
6-10:	Percent of zone area within 0.25 miles of transit service
11-15:	Percent of zone area within 0.50 miles of transit service

NLOGIT Parking Cost TAZ Data File (FPCOST)

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data Element</u>
1-7:	Traffic analysis zone
8-14:	Daily parking cost (cents)
15-21:	2-hour parking cost (cents)

Appendix: Input Files

This section provides both format and contents detail of all the input files required by the model. The files are identified by their key name, and next to it the actual filename for the Base scenario is provided. Please note that input files may be given any filename.

{AM, PM and OP HIGHWAY NETWORKS} : HWY2000.NET

The highway networks are used for skimming and for assignment. These files must be in Cube format. The link variables required are described in the ODOT Capacity Calculator documentation.

{FARE SYSTEM FILE} : FARESYSTEM.FAR

This is the Public Transport fare system file. A single fare system file is used to define fares for all lines in the model, classified into ten different fare systems, as shown below.

```

FARESYSTEM NUMBER=1,
    NAME="LCT Local",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=125,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=2,
    NAME="LCT Express",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=200,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=3,
    NAME="BTA Routes",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=50,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=4,
    NAME="Laketran Local Routes",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=75,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=5,
    NAME="Laketran Express Routes",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=200,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,125,0,0,0,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=6,
    NAME="GCRTA Circulators",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=50,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=7,
    NAME="GCRTA Local Routes",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=108,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,0,75,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=8,
    NAME="GCRTA Express & Freeway Flyers",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=108,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,100,25,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=9,
    NAME="GCRTA XCnty Express & Freeway Flyers",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=208,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,100,25,0,0,0
FARESYSTEM NUMBER=10,
    NAME="GCRTA Rail",
    STRUCTURE=FLAT,
    IBOARDFARE=106,
    FAREFROMFS=0,0,0,0,0,100,25,0,0,0

```

{LOCAL BUS FILE} : LOCL.IN
{PREMIUM TRANSIT FILE} : PREM.IN
{RAIL TRANSIT FILE} : RAIL.IN

These are the transit line files. Please refer to the Voyager documentation for a detailed description of a line statement specification.

{PT SYSTEM FILE} : PTSYSTEM.PTS

This is the Public Transport System file. This file contains data on modes, operators and wait curves.

```

; ; <<PT>> ; ;
MODE NUMBER = 1 LONGNAME = "Walk Access-Egress" NAME = "WlkAcc"
MODE NUMBER = 2 LONGNAME = "Sidewalk" NAME = "Sidewalk"
MODE NUMBER = 3 LONGNAME = "Bus to Rail Xfer Walk" NAME = "BusXfer"
MODE NUMBER = 4 LONGNAME = "Walk to Rail Access" NAME = "RalAccWlk"
MODE NUMBER = 7 LONGNAME = "Drive to formal PNR" NAME = "DrvFrml"
MODE NUMBER = 8 LONGNAME = "Drive to informal PNR" NAME = "DrvInfl"
MODE NUMBER = 9 LONGNAME = "Drive to KNR" NAME = "DrvKNR"
MODE NUMBER = 10 LONGNAME = "LCT Local & Express Routes" NAME = "LCTLOC"
MODE NUMBER = 11 LONGNAME = "BTA Routes" NAME = "BTA"
MODE NUMBER = 12 LONGNAME = "LakeTran Local Routes" NAME = "LKTLOC"
MODE NUMBER = 13 LONGNAME = "LakeTran Express Routes" NAME = "LKTEXP"
MODE NUMBER = 14 LONGNAME = "GCRTA Circulators and Local Routes" NAME = "RTALOC"
MODE NUMBER = 15 LONGNAME = "GCRTA Express Routes" NAME = "RTAEXP"
MODE NUMBER = 16 LONGNAME = "GCRTA Freeway Flyer Routes" NAME = "RTAFLY"
MODE NUMBER = 17 LONGNAME = "GCRTA Heavy Rail Routes" NAME = "RTAHVY"
MODE NUMBER = 18 LONGNAME = "GCRTA Light Rail Routes" NAME = "RTALRT"

OPERATOR NUMBER = 1 LONGNAME = "GCRTA" NAME = "RTA"
OPERATOR NUMBER = 2 LONGNAME = "Lorain County Transit" NAME = "LCT"
OPERATOR NUMBER = 3 LONGNAME = "Brunswick Transit Alternative" NAME = "BTA"
OPERATOR NUMBER = 4 LONGNAME = "LAKETRAN" NAME = "LT"

```

```
WAITCRVDEF NUMBER = 1,CURVE=1-0.5,15-7.5,100-50.0
```

{WALK-LOCAL FACTORS} : PT_WLKLOC.FAC
{WALK-PREMIUM FACTORS} : PT_WLKPRM.FAC
{WALK-RAIL FACTORS} : PT_WLKRAL.FAC
{DRIVE-LOCAL FACTORS} : PT_DRVLOC.FAC
{DRIVE-PREMIUM FACTORS} : PT_DRVPRM.FAC
{DRIVE-RAIL FACTORS} : PT_DRVRAL.FAC

These are the Public Transport factor files. These factors are used for Route Enumeration and Route Evaluation. Below is a printout of the PT_DRVRAL.FAC file. Values equal to those shown here are used for the other transit sub-modes, except for the transfer penalties (XFERPEN) and the in-vehicle travel time factors (RUNFACTOR). The table lists the values used for XFERPEN and RUNFACTOR on all networks.

```

/* PT FACTORS FOR DRIVE TO RAIL TRANSIT */

/*For Route Enumeration*/
MAXFERS=3
SPREADFACT = 1.0
SPREADFUNC=1
SPREADCONST = 1.0
REWAITMIN = 1.0
REWAITMAX = 60.0
MAXCOMPD = 500000

XFERPEN=15.0, FROM=10-16, TO=10,11,12,14
XFERPEN=3.0, FROM=10,11,12,14, TO=17-18
XFERPEN=3.0, FROM=17-18, TO=10,11,12,14
XFERPEN=60.0, FROM=7, TO=10,11,12,14
XFERPEN=60.0, FROM=8, TO=10,11,12,14

```

```

XFERPEN=60.0, FROM=9, TO=10,11,12,14
XFERPEN=60.0, FROM=5, TO=5

RUNFACTOR[10] = 2.0
RUNFACTOR[11] = 2.0
RUNFACTOR[12] = 2.0
RUNFACTOR[14] = 2.0
RUNFACTOR[17] = 0.5
RUNFACTOR[18] = 0.5

/* Fare System */

/* Note:  FARESYSTEM=2,6, AND 9 ARE CODED EXPLICITLY IN ROUTE FILE */

VALUEOFTIME[10]=400
VALUEOFTIME[11]=400
VALUEOFTIME[12]=400
VALUEOFTIME[13]=400
VALUEOFTIME[14]=400
VALUEOFTIME[15]=400
VALUEOFTIME[16]=400
VALUEOFTIME[17]=400
VALUEOFTIME[18]=400

FARESYSTEM=1, MODE=10
FARESYSTEM=3, MODE=11
FARESYSTEM=4, MODE=12
FARESYSTEM=5, MODE=13
FARESYSTEM=7, MODE=14
FARESYSTEM=8, MODE=15-16
FARESYSTEM=10, MODE=17-18

/*For Route Evaluation*/
ALPHA = 1.0
LAMBDAW = 0.2
LAMBDAA = 0.2
CHOICECUT=0.01
WAITFACTOR=2.0,n=2000-99999

```

Transfer Penalties and In-Vehicle Time Factors

<i>Factor</i>	<i>WlkLoc</i>	<i>WlkPrm</i>	<i>WlkRal</i>	<i>DrvLoc</i>	<i>DrvPrm</i>	<i>DrvRal</i>
XFERPEN						
FROM=10,11,12,14, TO=10,11,12,14	15			15		
FROM=10-16, TO=10-16		15			15	
FROM=10,11,12,14, TO=10,11,12,14			15			15
FROM=10,11,12,14, TO=17,18			3			3
FROM=17,18, TO=10,11,12,14			3			3
FROM=5, TO=5			60			60
FROM=7,8,9, TO=10,11,12,14					60	60
RUNFACTOR[10]	1.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	2.0
RUNFACTOR[11]	1.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	2.0
RUNFACTOR[12]	1.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	2.0
RUNFACTOR[13]		1.0			1.0	
RUNFACTOR[14]	1.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	2.0
RUNFACTOR[15]		1.0			1.0	
RUNFACTOR[16]		1.0			1.0	
RUNFACTOR[17]			0.5			0.5
RUNFACTOR[18]			0.5			0.5

{AUTO ACCESS CONNECTOR FILE} : *accessConnectors.prn*

This file is used to build bus to rail transfer links and auto access connectors. The file format and its contents are detailed below.

Auto Access Connector File Format

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1-5	Highway node
7-11	Transit node
13-17	Walk distance
19-23	Walk time
25	Access flag: it tells the model which kind of connector to build from the highway node to the transit stop/station node W – walk access B – bus transfer P – formal park and ride access I – informal park and ride access K – kiss and ride access
27-28	Transit mode number
30-43	Transit mode name
45-79	Transit station

Auto Access Connector File Contents:

8366	15074	0.0	2.0	P	18	GreenLine	Green Rd.
8368	15074	0.0	2.0	P	18	GreenLine	Green Rd.
8366	15074	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Green Rd.
8368	15074	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Green Rd.
8363	15073	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Belvoir
8364	15073	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Belvoir
8325	15072	0.0	2.0	P	18	GreenLine	Warrensville
8356	15072	0.0	2.0	P	18	GreenLine	Warrensville
8325	15071	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Courtland
8356	15071	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Courtland
8326	15070	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Eaton
8328	15070	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Eaton
8326	15069	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Attleboro
8327	15068	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Lee_2
8331	15067	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	South Park
8162	15066	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Southington
8161	15065	0.0	1.0	W	18	GreenLine	Coventry
15625	15085	0.0	1.0	B	18	BlueLine	Warrensville/Van Aken
8347	15085	0.0	1.0	B	18	BlueLine	Warrensville/Van Aken
8343	15084	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Farnsleigh
8343	15083	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Lynnfield
8334	15082	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Kenmore
8334	15081	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Avalon
8174	15080	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Lee
8174	15080	0.0	1.0	B	18	BlueLine	Lee
8175	15079	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Ashby
8170	15078	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Onaway
8170	15077	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Southington
8169	15076	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	South Woodland
8155	15075	0.0	2.0	P	18	BlueLine	Drexmore
8343	15085	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Warrensville/Van Aken
8343	15084	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Farnsleigh
8343	15083	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Lynnfield

8334	15082	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Kenmore
8334	15081	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Avalon
8175	15079	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Ashby
8170	15069	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Onaway
8170	15077	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Southington
8169	15076	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	South Woodland
8155	15075	0.0	1.0	W	18	BlueLine	Drexmore
8147	15064	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	Shaker Square
8239	15064	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	Shaker Square
8147	15064	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	Shaker Square
8142	15063	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	E.116th
8142	15063	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	E.116th
8044	15062	0.0	2.0	P	18	Blue&GreenLine	Woodhill
8044	15062	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	Woodhill
8054	15062	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	Woodhill
8061	15062	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 79th
15151	15062	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 79th
8070	15054	0.0	2.0	P	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 55th
8070	15054	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 55th
15144	15054	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 55th
7974	15609	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 34th / Campus
7970	15609	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	E. 34th / Campus
4127	15152	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	Tower City
4095	15152	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	Tower City
4097	15152	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	Tower City
4123	15152	0.0	1.0	B	18	Blue&GreenLine	Tower City
4042	15521	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	Settler's Landing
14243	15522	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	Flats East Bank
4046	15606	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	West 3rd
4051	15523	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	North Coast
4310	15524	0.0	1.0	W	18	Blue&GreenLine	South Harbor
9003	15060	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	Windermere
9003	15060	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	Windermere
15150	15060	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	Windermere
9011	15059	0.0	0.0	P	17	RedLine	Superior
9011	15059	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	Superior
15149	15059	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	Superior
9011	15059	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	Superior
9134	15058	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	120th / Euclid
9134	15058	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	120th / Euclid
9131	15057	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	University Circle
9123	15057	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	University Circle
15320	15057	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	University Circle
8041	15056	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	E. 105th / Quincy
15146	15056	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	E. 105th / Quincy
8050	15600	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	E. 89th
8050	15600	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	E. 89th
8070	15054	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	E. 55th
8070	15054	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	E. 55th
15144	15054	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	E. 55th
4127	15051	0.0	1.0	W	18	RedLine	Tower City
4095	15051	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	Tower City
4097	15051	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	Tower City
4123	15051	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	Tower City
6643	15050	0.0	1.0	W	18	RedLine	W. 25th / Lorain
6643	15050	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	W. 25th / Lorain
5386	15049	0.0	1.0	W	18	RedLine	W. 65th / Madison
5386	15049	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	W. 65th / Madison
5403	15049	0.0	1.0	B	18	RedLine	W. 65th / Madison
4417	15048	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	W. Blvd./Cudell
4417	15048	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	W. Blvd./Cudell
4542	15047	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	W. 117th./Madison Routes
4542	15047	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	W. 117th./Madison Routes
15137	15047	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	W. 117th./Madison Routes
4542	15047	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	W. 117th./Madison Routes
4095	15047	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	W. 117th./Madison Routes
5461	15046	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	Triskett
5461	15046	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	Triskett
5461	15046	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	Triskett
15136	15046	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	Triskett
5554	15045	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	Westpark
5554	15045	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	Westpark
15135	15045	0.0	1.0	B	17	RedLine	Westpark

5748	15044	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	W. 150th/Puritas
5748	15044	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	W. 150th/Puritas
5672	15043	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	Brookpark (East)
5672	15043	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	Brookpark (East)
5709	15043	0.0	2.0	P	17	RedLine	Brookpark (West)
5709	15043	0.0	1.0	W	17	RedLine	Brookpark (West)
9767	9767	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	E. 129th St/ St. Clair Loop
7211	7211	0.0	2.0	P	16	RTA	Brecksville City Hall
6553	6553	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Strongsville P&R
6481	6481	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Sprague/Fair Loop Berea
11254	11254	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Great Northern Shopping Center
8594	8594	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Solon P&R
8594	8594	0.0	2.0	P	16	RTA	Solon P&R
4600	4600	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Clague Road P&R at Bay Village
4600	4600	0.0	2.0	P	16	RTA	Clague Road P&R at Bay Village
6725	6725	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Brookpark / Pearl White Castle
6725	6725	0.0	2.0	P	16	RTA	Brookpark / Pearl White Castle
8209	8209	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	E. 130th / Corlett Ave.
8257	8257	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	E. 131st / MilesAve.
7579	7579	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Southgate Transit Center
10649	10649	0.0	2.0	P	14	RTA	Randall Park Mall
4824	4824	0.0	2.0	P	14	LCT	Lorain Erie/Broadway
5941	5941	0.0	2.0	P	14	LCT	Elyria/Oberlin Rd./Hadaway St. P&R
6920	6920	0.0	2.0	P	11	BTA	Laurel Square Shopping Center
10033	10033	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Shoregate Shopping Center
10033	10033	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Shoregate Shopping Center
9302	9302	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Loehman's Plaza
9302	9302	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Loehman's Plaza
9909	9909	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Euclid Square Mall
9909	9909	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Euclid Square Mall
9225	9225	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Hilltop Plaza
9225	9225	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Hilltop Plaza
9344	9344	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Eastgate Shopping Center
9344	9344	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Eastgate Shopping Center
9243	9243	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Severance Center Mall
9243	9243	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Severance Center Mall
8588	8588	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Solon Square Shopping Center
8588	8588	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Solon Square Shopping Center
8417	8417	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Randall Park Mall
8417	8417	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Randall Park Mall
7579	7579	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Southgate Shopping Center
7579	7579	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Southgate Shopping Center
8911	8911	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Church Square Shopping Center
8911	8911	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Church Square Shopping Center
7978	7978	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Longwood Plaza
7978	7978	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Longwood Plaza
7434	7434	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Broadway Shops
7434	7434	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Broadway Shops
7517	7517	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Turney Town
7517	7517	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Turney Town
7607	7607	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Garfield Mall
7607	7607	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Garfield Mall
7107	7107	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Rockside Corners
7107	7107	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Rockside Corners
6656	6656	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Clark/ W. 30th
6656	6656	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Clark/ W. 30th
6268	6268	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Memphis/Fulton Shopping Center
6268	6268	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Memphis/Fulton Shopping Center
6711	6711	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Brookpark/Broadview Shopping Center
6711	6711	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Brookpark/Broadview Shopping Center
6702	6702	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Ridge Park Square
6702	6702	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Ridge Park Square
5494	5494	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Westown Square Shopping Center
5494	5494	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Westown Square Shopping Center
6749	6749	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Parmatown Mall
6749	6749	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Parmatown Mall
6365	6365	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Southland Shopping Center
6365	6365	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Southland Shopping Center
4568	4568	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Westgate Mall
4568	4568	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Westgate Mall
4597	4597	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	Bay Noll Shopping Center
4597	4597	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	Bay Noll Shopping Center
10424	10424	0.0	2.0	I	14	RTA	West Bay Plaza

10424	10424	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	West Bay Plaza
4693	4693	0.0	2.0	I	16	RTA	US-6/Miller Rd. at Avon Lake
4423	4423	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Detroit Ave/W. 74th
5316	5316	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Detroit Ave/W. 32nd
5322	5322	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Detroit Ave/W. 25th
5335	5335	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Bridge Ave/W.38th St.
5338	5338	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Lorain/Fulton
5395	5395	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	W.65th St North of I-90
5397	5397	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Bridge Ave/W.58th St.
5410	5410	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Bridge Ave/W.47th St.
6186	6186	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Lorain/Abbey Ave.
6944	6944	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Abbey Ave./W.11th St.
6948	6948	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Literary Rd/Professor St.
6950	6950	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Jeferson Ave/Professor St.
6935	6935	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Jeferson Ave/Professor St.
6971	6971	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	W 14th St. North of I-490
7344	7344	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Broadway/E.14th St
7966	7966	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Comm. College Ave/E.30th St.
7958	7958	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Comm. College Ave/E.22nd St.
8733	8733	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Superior/E.32nd St.
8784	8784	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Carnegie/E.30th St.
8832	8832	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Superior / E. 105th St.
8845	8845	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Superior / E. 79th St.
8851	8851	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Superior / E. 71th St.
8738	8738	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Payne Ave./ E. 49th St.
8919	8919	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Hugh Ave./ E. 55th St.
9183	9183	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Grantwood Ave./ E.105th St.
9614	9614	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/Marquette St.
9619	9619	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E. 40th. St.
9620	9620	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E. 43rd. St.
9624	9624	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E. 38th. St.
9626	9626	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E. 38th. St.
9628	9628	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E. 32nd. St.
9656	9656	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E. 93rd. St.
9660	9660	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Yale/Earle Ave / E. 105th. St.
9663	9663	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Adams Ave / E. 105th. St.
9672	9672	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair / E. 79th St.
9676	9676	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair / E. 69th St.
9683	9683	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Superior/E.55st St.
9685	9685	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E.61st St.
9686	9686	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Superior/E.61st St.
9688	9688	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/Addison Rd.
9761	9761	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Taft Ave./Eddy Rd.
9777	9777	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Lakeview Rd / Fairport Ave.
9782	9782	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Lakeview Rd/Parklawn Dr.
4232	4232	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	Carnegie Ave/Commercial Rd.
9795	9795	0.0	1.0	K	14	RTA	St. Clair/E.102nd St.
14356	14356	0.0	2.0	P	13	LakeTran	Madison at I-90/SR-528
10170	10170	0.0	2.0	P	13	LakeTran	Market Street
10705	10705	0.0	2.0	P	13	LakeTran	Lakeland Community College
10143	10143	0.0	2.0	P	13	LakeTran	SR-2/Lloyd Rd.

{TAZ TO STATION FILE}: TAZToStation.prn

This file is used to build drive access connectors to transit stations. The format of the file is described below. A printout is omitted due to the large file size.

TAZ to Station File Format

Columns	Contents
1-8	TAZ
9-16	Transit station node

{EE TRIPS} : ODEE.TRP

This file contains the external-external trip tables, in Cube/Voyager format. Trips are expected in integer units (i.e, vehicles). The file contains two trip tables:

- Table 1 – Auto EE trips
- Table 2 – Truck EE trips

{EI WORK TRIPS} : EIIEWRK.OUT

This file contains the external-internal work trip tables, in Cube/Voyager format. Trips are expected in hundredths of units (i.e., vehicles * 100). The file contains two trip tables:

- Table 1 – Internal – External auto work trips
- Table 2 – External – Internal auto work trips

{EI NON-WORK TRIPS}: EIENWK.OUT

This file contains the external-internal non-work trip tables, in Cube/Voyager format. Trips are expected in hundredths of units (i.e., vehicles * 100). The file contains two trip tables:

- Table 1 – Internal – External auto non-work trips
- Table 2 – External – Internal auto non-work trips

{EI TRUCK TRIPS} : EIETRK.TRP

This file contains the external-internal truck trip table, in Cube/Voyager format. Trips are expected in hundredths of units (i.e., vehicles * 100). The file contains one trip table, which includes both IE and IE truck trips.

{SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA FILE} : SOCEC.DAT

This files contains the zonal input socio-economic data for AUTOGEN and NLOGIT. The file format is described in the table below. A printout is omitted due to the large file size.

Socio-Economic Data File Format

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1-10	Zone number (5-county)
11-20	Total housing units (not used)
21-30	Occupied households
31-40	Population
41-50	Total workers in households
51-60	Total employment
61-70	Average household income
71-80	Basic employment
81-90	Service employment
91-100	Retail employment
101-110	Square miles

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Contents</i>
111-120	Secondary/Elementary enrollment
121-130	University enrollment
131-140	Internal district used for reporting
141-150	Internal-External HBW district
151-160	Internal-External NHBW district
161-170	County (1 Lorain, 2 Cuyahoga, 3 Lake, 4 Geauga, 5 Medina)
171-180	Area type (5 CBD, 4 High Commercial, 3 Urban, 2 Suburban, 1 Rural)

{WALK PERCENT FILE}: PWALK.DAT

This file indicates the percent of work trips from each TAZ that walk to work. The file format is detailed below. A printout is omitted due to the large file size.

Walk Percent File Format

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1-10	Zone number
11-20	Percent of work trips that walk to work

{WORK-NONWORK EXTERNAL PERCENT FILE} : EXT_PER.TXT

This file indicates the proportion of internal-external work and non-work trips, as well as their production and attraction split.

Work & Non-Work External Percent File Format

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1-5	IE district
6-11	HBW percent IE: Total percent to be taken from Work trips
12-17	HBW percent IE attractions: Of the total percent, this percent to be taken from the attraction end
18--23	HBW percent IE productions: Of the total percent, this percent to be taken from the production end
24-29	NHBW percent IE: Total percent to be taken from Non Work trips
30-35	NHBW percent IE attractions: Of the total percent, this percent to be taken from the attraction end
36-41	NHBW percent IE productions: Of the total percent, this percent to be taken from the production end

Work & Non-Work External Percent File Contents

```

1  4.01 70.30 29.70  0.83 50.00 50.00
2 11.50 71.00 29.00  2.51 50.00 50.00
3 36.77 68.10 31.90  6.60 50.00 50.00

```

{IE EXTERNAL PERCENT FILE} : EXT_STAT.TXT

This file contains percent IE trips by external station. The file format and contents are detailed below.

IE External Percent File Format

Columns	Contents
1-5	External station zone number
6-11	Percent HBW productions
12-17	Percent HBW attractions
18-23	Percent NHBW productions
24-29	Percent NHBW attractions
30-35	Percent truck trips

IE External Percent File Contents

- * Ext_stat.txt updated 4/20/04
- * This file contains percent IE trips by external station
- * It is read by autogen if the external model function is used
- * The percent externals by station must add up to 100
- * Format:

*Zone	WorkPP	WorkA	NWrkP	NWrkA	TRUCK
1237	2.54	2.54	5.51	5.51	1.67
1238	0.23	0.23	0.57	0.57	0.04
1239	0.09	0.09	0.42	0.42	0.10
1240	2.94	2.94	3.63	3.63	6.90
1241	0.16	0.16	0.59	0.59	0.30
1242	0.09	0.09	0.23	0.23	0.06
1243	2.54	2.54	2.72	2.72	6.90
1244	0.90	0.90	1.51	1.51	0.55
1245	0.91	0.91	1.25	1.25	3.93
1246	0.09	0.09	0.23	0.23	0.33
1247	0.29	0.29	0.52	0.52	1.32
1248	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.07
1249	0.15	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.22
1250	0.51	0.51	1.04	1.04	1.03
1251	0.16	0.16	0.28	0.28	1.32
1252	0.18	0.18	0.52	0.52	0.72
1253	0.48	0.48	0.54	0.54	0.99
1254	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.07
1255	1.70	1.70	3.41	3.41	9.65
1256	0.53	0.53	1.18	1.18	1.17
1257	0.07	0.07	0.15	0.15	0.35
1258	0.71	0.71	1.15	1.15	0.58
1259	0.27	0.27	0.38	0.38	0.25
1260	0.34	0.34	0.63	0.63	0.83
1261	0.85	0.85	1.04	1.04	1.09
1262	0.40	0.40	0.80	0.80	0.21
1263	0.32	0.32	0.59	0.59	0.25
1264	0.45	0.45	0.40	0.40	0.26
1265	0.35	0.35	0.30	0.30	0.18
1266	0.65	0.65	1.60	1.60	0.91
1267	4.65	4.65	3.89	3.89	1.27
1268	1.36	1.36	1.37	1.37	0.83
1269	0.28	0.28	0.60	0.60	0.00
1270	0.26	0.26	0.39	0.39	0.06
1271	0.41	0.41	0.43	0.43	0.19
1272	0.18	0.18	0.35	0.35	0.11
1273	2.45	2.45	2.63	2.63	3.93
1274	0.20	0.20	0.32	0.32	0.04
1275	0.12	0.12	0.16	0.16	0.00
1276	3.62	3.62	3.86	3.86	0.83
1277	1.59	1.59	1.71	1.71	0.69
1278	0.45	0.45	0.76	0.76	0.40
1279	0.16	0.16	0.28	0.28	0.00

1280	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.10
1281	5.14	5.14	2.07	2.07	5.49
1282	6.79	6.79	4.54	4.54	9.65
1283	2.53	2.53	1.99	1.99	7.27
1284	0.29	0.29	0.33	0.33	0.00
1285	0.42	0.42	0.30	0.30	0.11
1286	2.55	2.55	2.71	2.71	1.24
1287	1.41	1.41	0.73	0.73	0.50
1288	0.51	0.51	0.46	0.46	0.10
1289	0.12	0.12	0.17	0.17	0.00
1290	2.72	2.72	2.96	2.96	5.83
1291	20.38	20.38	12.51	12.51	4.14
1292	0.36	0.36	0.34	0.34	0.21
1293	1.47	1.47	1.25	1.25	0.41
1294	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.28
1295	2.60	2.60	2.16	2.16	1.57
1296	0.34	0.34	0.23	0.23	0.07
1297	2.05	2.05	2.21	2.21	0.97
1298	1.81	1.81	2.33	2.33	1.43
1299	0.25	0.25	0.28	0.28	0.04
1300	0.32	0.32	0.27	0.27	0.14
1301	0.91	0.91	0.46	0.46	1.10
1302	0.42	0.42	0.34	0.34	0.14
1303	0.36	0.36	0.43	0.43	0.66
1304	0.10	0.10	0.22	0.22	0.15
1305	1.36	1.36	1.02	1.02	1.46
1306	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.15
1307	0.54	0.54	0.22	0.22	0.23
1308	1.11	1.11	1.00	1.00	0.72
1309	0.63	0.63	0.75	0.75	0.68
1310	0.24	0.24	0.34	0.34	0.88
1311	0.63	0.63	0.60	0.60	0.55
1312	0.42	0.42	0.30	0.30	0.19
1313	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.07
1314	0.26	0.26	0.35	0.35	0.14
1315	2.60	2.60	3.40	3.40	2.20
1316	0.45	0.45	0.57	0.57	0.25
1317	1.87	1.87	2.64	2.64	0.28
1318	0.03	0.03	0.11	0.11	0.00

{PARKING COST FILE} : PKCOST.DAT

This file contains daily (for work trips) and two-hour (for non-work trips) parking costs (in cents) by TAZ.

Parking Cost File Format

Columns	Contents
1-7	Traffic analysis zone
8-14	Daily parking cost (cents)
15-21	2-hour parking cost (cents)

Parking Cost File Contents

1	288.3	288.3
3	726.4	726.4
4	985.4	965.5
5	347.5	347.5
6	347.5	347.5
7	288.3	288.3
8	796.3	694.6
10	743.8	743.8
11	719.1	927.1
12	899.5	732.7
13	899.5	732.7

```

14 603.7 241.7
15 462.9 462.9
17 368.1 356.4
18 1122.8 1122.8
19 866.2 792.2
21 945.4 795.0
22 866.2 792.2
23 567.7 474.5
24 535.8 394.9
25 527.4 302.5
26 347.5 347.5
27 717.9 391.0
30 347.7 340.8
33 135.6 135.6
37 504.5 429.8
38 461.2 400.2
39 210.9 210.9
40 228.0 228.0
41 228.0 228.0
42 479.1 479.1
45 338.9 237.0
46 135.6 135.6
47 318.5 290.9
49 180.8 180.8
51 351.7 351.7
52 985.4 965.5
53 270.6 252.1
54 210.9 210.9
55 527.4 302.5
58 137.0 100.0
59 137.0 100.0
61 162.0 162.0
62 137.0 100.0
63 137.0 100.0
66 162.0 162.0
67 162.0 162.0
68 137.0 131.0
70 137.0 131.0
85 106.8 106.8
86 200.0 117.0
87 500.0 500.0
172 135.6 135.6
247 137.0 100.0
248 162.0 162.0

```

{TRANSIT ACCESSIBILITY FILE} : TRACC.DAT

This file indicates the proportion of a TAZ that has short and long walk accessibility to transit. The file format is detailed below. A printout is omitted due to the large file size.

Transit Accessibility File Format

<i>Columns</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1-5	Traffic analysis zone
6-10	Percent of zone area within 0.25 miles of transit
11-15	Percent of zone area within 0.50 miles of transit service